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VOL. 51

VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1917

NO. 81

REPORT LAURIER HAS RESIGNED AS LEADER OF LIBERAL FORCES

Said to Have Informed Followers in House He Wishes to Relinquish Post and New Leader to Be Chosen by Liberal Members and Candidates

Calgary Oct. 3.—A special dispatch to The Calgary Herald from Ottawa says:

"Sir Wilfrid Laurier has resigned as Liberal leader. He has placed his resignation in the hands of his followers in the House and is insisting that it be accepted. A new leader will be appointed by a committee of Liberal members and candidates."

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—(By the Ottawa Correspondent of the Associated Press.)—Sir Wilfrid Laurier has announced to leading Liberals whom he summoned to Ottawa that he proposes to retire from leadership of the Opposition and the Liberal party.

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—Further official announcement was made this afternoon that Sir Wilfrid Laurier has not definitely retired as leader of the Liberal party. The matter will be the subject of further consideration here and in Montreal, where Sir Wilfrid again will go to-morrow. It can be definitely stated that even if Sir Wilfrid resigns the leadership of the Liberal party, he intends to remain in public life as long as his health permits.

Toronto, Oct. 3.—The Toronto News (Conservative) to-day in a dispatch from Ottawa, definitely announces the resignation of Sir Wilfrid Laurier from the leadership of the Liberal party and that Sir Wilfrid himself insists on its immediate acceptance.

Winnipeg, Oct. 3.—The attention of Hon. J. A. Calder, of the Saskatchewan Government, was called this morning to a statement appearing in a Montreal paper yesterday regarding the Liberal conference held in that city, says the Ottawa correspondent of the Winnipeg Free Press. It was stated that after the meeting Mr. Calder had assured his friends from the East that none of the provincial members from Alberta and Saskatchewan had any intention of joining any Cabinet headed by Sir Robert Borden, and he doubted very much, it was added, if even in the Government of Manitoba Sir Robert would find any adherents.

"The statement," said Mr. Calder, "is without foundation. I never made such a statement to anybody. On the other hand there has been an agreement on the part of Western Liberals, including myself, to negotiate further with Sir Robert Borden regarding a Union Government. A conference will be held here on October 5 to discuss that question, and I am here for that purpose."

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—Considerable excitement was caused in Government and political circles here this morning by the report that Sir Wilfrid Laurier had definitely decided to retire from the leadership of the Liberal party in Canada. The statement that the Liberal leader proposed to drop out of political life was credited by rumor to E. B. Carvell, member for Carlton, N. B., who frequently of late has been mentioned as Sir Wilfrid's successor. When seen by a representative of the Canadian Press Mr. Carvell denied that he had made any such statement. Mr. Carvell intimated that he understood the retirement of Sir Wilfrid had been under discussion two months ago but the proposal met with strong opposition from members of the party.

Denial of the report that Sir Wilfrid would retire also was made by Sir Wilfrid's private secretary, who stated there was no truth in the story.

It has generally been understood that the possibility or otherwise of the retirement of the Liberal leader in the near future was largely a matter of Sir Wilfrid's health and his ability to bear the rigor of a winter campaign. The impression grew that Sir Wilfrid's retirement owing to conditions of health would not long be delayed.

Sir Wilfrid, it is understood, prefers to make no designation as to who shall follow him as leader.

Leading members of both parties are in the capital to-day. With Mr. Carvell is E. M. Macdonald, M. P., Picton, N. S., and Hon. J. A. Calder, of the Saskatchewan Government.

State of Laurier's Health Such Winter Tour Is Impossible

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—The report that Sir Wilfrid Laurier has resigned as leader of the Liberal party of Canada is the chief topic of conversation in political circles here. His health has given way recently to such an extent that he feels unable to go through the hardships of a winter election campaign. He will celebrate his 76th birthday in November.

200,000 MORE TO CAMPS IN STATES

Third Group of Republic's New Army Put Into Training

Washington, Oct. 3.—About 200,000 men, representing the third increment added to the national army, to-day were on their way to sixteen cantonments where already half the 687,000 called to the colors by the President are mobilized. Although to-day's quota had been 40 per cent, local conditions in the various states have reduced the general average of the increment to 20 or 25 per cent.

The railroad war board issued a statement to-day in connection with the part which the railroads have played in handling the biggest troop movement ever attempted in this country.

"Including the National Guards, the regular army and the national army, the railroads to date have moved approximately 520,000 soldiers from their homes to training camps or embarkation points," says the statement.

"The great bulk of this army required special train service, involving the use of 12,500 passenger cars, including 1,500 Pullman and tourist sleepers, 2,000 baggage cars and 4,500 freight cars.

"The longest haul made in the new national army movement to date was from Yuma, Arizona, to Fort Riley, Kansas, 1,514 miles.

"Of the movement of the National Guards, the longest one was made by a battalion of San Francisco engineers from San Francisco to a point on the Atlantic coast."

AMERICAN DESTROYER DAMAGED; REPAIRED

One of Republic's Naval Craft Struck a British Naval Vessel

Washington, Oct. 3.—An American destroyer in European waters recently was in collision with a British naval vessel, which, after taking off part of the American crew, towed the disabled destroyer safely to port. In announcing the collision to-day the Navy Department said no one was injured aboard the American destroyer, and that the vessel since has been repaired and restored to active duty.

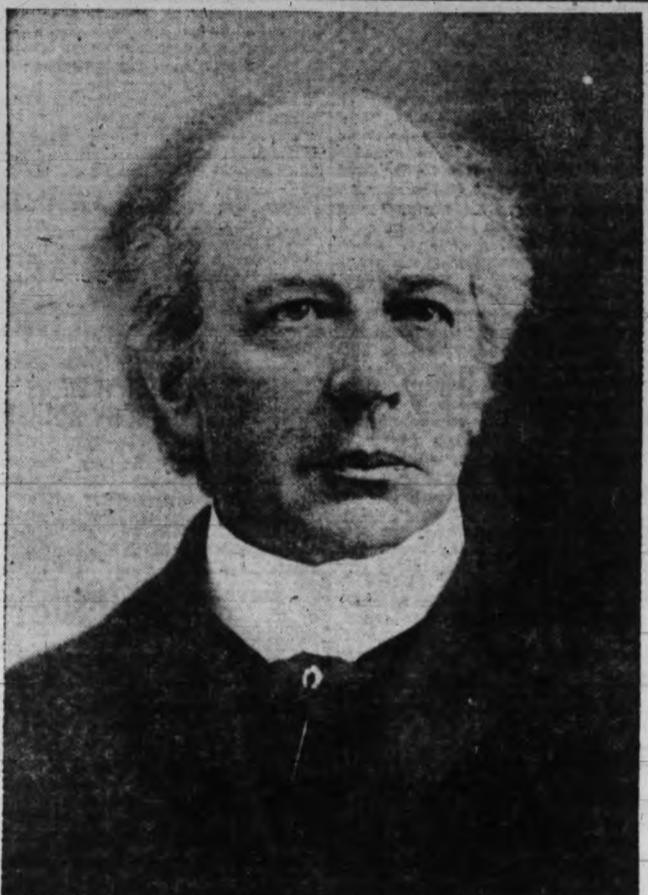
An official inquiry developed that the collision was unavoidable; the vessels coming together during a heavy rain-storm. No blame was placed on either the American or the British vessel.

The text of the official report follows:

"An American destroyer operating in European waters was severely damaged in a night collision with a British naval vessel. After the accident the British ship stood by, took off part of the destroyer's crew and towed her into port. No one aboard either ship was injured, and the destroyer has since been repaired and returned to active service."

An investigating board of naval officers found that the accident was due to the fact that the destroyer suddenly emerged from a heavy rain-storm which made her invisible almost up to the moment of the collision. It was, therefore, decided that no blame attached to either vessel."

SAID TO HAVE LAID DOWN LIBERAL LEADERSHIP; SIR WILFRID LAURIER



C. C. Ballantyne New Minister of Public Works for Dominion

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—Col. C. C. Ballantyne, of Montreal, has accepted the portfolio of Minister of Public Works and was sworn in this afternoon.

Col. Ballantyne is a conscriptionist Liberal.

Hoover Assisted by Secret Service Now; After Manipulators

Washington, Oct. 3.—Food price manipulators and profiteers in the United States will have the trained men and resources of the secret service to cope with. Herbert C. Hoover, the Food Administrator, has asked President Wilson for the services of the corps and his request has been granted.

STATES RUSHES WORK ON DESTROYER FLEET

All Now Being Built Ready for Duty Early Next Year

Washington, Oct. 3.—Such remarkable progress has been made in the quick building of the immense flotilla of American destroyers to cope with the submarine campaign that the Navy Department is now assured of much quicker delivery of the ships than was contemplated at the last estimate, which in itself was far ahead of the original time. The progress on the ships now building and arrangements for the ones to follow, it was announced to-day at the Navy Department, are most satisfactory.

It is now certain that all the destroyers now building will be delivered ready for duty in European waters early next year. Many of them had not been expected until the winter of 1918. Approximately 10 months has been saved.

The full success of the project, however, depends on the extraordinary powers granted to the President in the bill now pending. The administration measure was altered in the House. The Senate committee restored the provisions naval officers consider vital to success, and the navy hopes the bill will become a law in substantially its original form. It is now in conference. Its progress is being watched anxiously, as tentative contracts are subject to change if the bill is altered.

New Design.

All the new destroyers are of a new design worked out by the Navy Department, showing radical changes from many of the craft now afloat. The great majority of them will be 35-knot vessels of improved sea-keeping qualities, adding to their effectiveness as submarine hunters. The first of the new type has been tried out with results that amazed the officers who made the trial trips.

The rate of warship production in the United States has been increased to such a point that a greater amount of fighting tonnage is being produced in a given time than has ever been achieved before by any power.

Typhoon Swept Over Tokio; 400,000 Now Homeless; 183 Dead

London, Oct. 3.—A Shanghai dispatch to Reuter's says that as the result of a typhoon which swept over Tokio on Monday 400,000 persons are homeless, 183 are dead and 217 missing.

GRIP ON GERMANY TIGHTENED NEW BRITISH EXPORT ORDER

London, Oct. 3.—The Gazette prints a proclamation prohibiting the exportation to Sweden, Norway, Denmark and The Netherlands of all articles except printed matter of all descriptions and personal effects accompanied by their owners.

Washington, Oct. 3.—Great Britain's new embargo on shipments of practically everything to Sweden, Norway, Denmark and The Netherlands is regarded here as the most important move in tightening the cordon which slowly but surely is killing the military power of Germany.

Coming close on the export embargo of the United States, which is being administered to keep out of the European neutral countries everything that might supply the Central Powers, Great Britain's action is regarded as one of the most important of the war.

As the British embargo excludes everything except printed matter, it cuts off the supplies she has been receiving through the adjacent neutral countries.

In a figurative sense, Great Britain holds one end of the rope and the United States holds the other. Gradually but surely as it is being drawn taut the military power of Germany is being strangled because the embargo

BRITISH AEROPLANES WILL REPAY GERMANS WITH FULL INTEREST

Lloyd George Says Reprisals for Air Raids Will Be Carried Out Soon; Promises Crowd of Poor in London Work Will Be Done Very Thoroughly

London, Oct. 3.—A crowd of poor people in the southwest district of London yesterday appealed to Mr. Lloyd George, says The Daily Mail, for reprisals against Germany for the air raids on London. The Prime Minister shouted to the crowd:

"We will give it back to them, and we will give it to them soon. We will bomb Germany with compound interest."

The crowd cheered this promise wildly. The Prime Minister had just completed a tour of the areas damaged in the raids with Field-Marshal Lord French, Commander of the Home Forces.

GUNS ACTIVE NEAR YPRES; FRENCH PREPARING A NEW STROKE ON VERDUN FRONT

London, Oct. 3.—Another very brief dispatch was all the British public had from Field-Marshal Haig to-day as news of big developments was awaited. The commander told of vigorous artillery activity during the night east of Ypres, but said there was nothing else of interest to report.

Along the French front the artillery duels were vigorous at many points. The artillery activity was especially marked north of Verdun, where the French apparently are preparing an attack.

London, Oct. 3.—"The artillery activity continued on both sides during the night in the region east of Ypres," the War Office here announced to-day. "Otherwise there is nothing to report."

Petrograd Congress To-day Declared for Coalition Ministry

Petrograd, Oct. 3.—The Democratic congress by a vote of 766 to 558 to-day declared in favor of a Coalition Government.

URGING LAFOLLETTE BE EXPELLED FROM AMERICAN SENATE

Wausau, Wis., Oct. 3.—Expulsion of Senator Lafollette from the Senate for "treasonable and seditious utterances and disloyalty to our Government" is asked in an appeal to the United States Senate in telegrams sent last night by W. B. Hennemann, chairman of the executive committee of the Wisconsin Republican State Central Committee, to the President of the United States Senate and to Senator Pomerene, chairman of the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

The telegrams state that all the members of the committee concur except two who have enlisted and are in the service of their country, their present addresses being unknown.

HAS OBJECTIONS TO BEING PUT IN A CLASS WITH EMMA GOLDMAN

Washington, Oct. 3.—The protracted wrangle over charges by Representative Heflin, of Alabama, that certain members of Congress have "acted suspiciously" in the present war, flared up again in the House to-day when Representative Mason, of Illinois, made a speech contending that Heflin had informed him of treason and "linked him up with Emma Goldman."

Representative Heflin requested consent of the House for time to reply to Mason's remarks and to name the men he thought had "acted suspiciously," but objection was made by Representative Gardner, of Texas, and the row for the time being was brought to an end.

\$2,000,000 More From States to Belgian Government To-day

Washington, Oct. 3.—A third series of officers' training camps to be opened January 5 will run until April 5, the War Department announced to-day, primarily for the education of enlisted men of the regular army, National Guards and national army for commissions.

In addition, however, 2,490 graduates or under-graduates from 22 specified schools and colleges will be admitted.

KILLED IN ACTION

Washington, Oct. 3.—Lieut. G. P. Howe, of the Boston medical officers' reserve corps, was killed in action September 28 while on duty with British forces in France. The adjutant-general to-day announced.

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Use Only the Best in our Work

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FOR THAT COLD: Our Balsam of Aniseed is a simple but effective remedy. You know what a cold is—when one member of the family gets it, it generally runs through the house.

Take Our Balsam
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Antiseptic Throat Pastilles—Keep the throat clear. Only 25¢

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BRITISH AVIATORS CONTINUE TO BOMB POINTS IN BELGIUM

London, Oct. 3.—"On the night of Sunday," says an official report issued here, "some of our naval aircraft dropped bombs on the St. Denis-Western aerodrome, which fell along the hangars and set fire to one on the south side. The fire spread and was visible thirty miles away. Bombs also were dropped on the Zeebrugge lock gates."

"Another bombing raid on St. Denis-Western was made at midday Monday, seven direct hits being observed, and also two sheds on fire in the southeast corner of the aerodrome. A large shed on the south side of the aerodrome is reported as having been set on fire Sunday and the hangars being gutted. All our machines returned safely."

An official report issued last evening on the aerial operations said:

"In the aeroplane raids of the last eight days all of our pilots have landed safely."

Dispatches from Holland forwarded by frontier correspondents say that the Allied airmen are playing havoc with the German railway communications and military establishments in Belgium.

On Sunday night, according to The Telegraaf, railway communication with Ghent was interrupted.

CANADIAN DEMOBILIZATION.

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—Major-General Hodges, formerly adjutant-general of the Canadian forces, left Ottawa yesterday on his way to London, Eng., to take up his duties as a member of the joint committee on demobilization. The committee was formed under the chairmanship of Sir Hugh Allan to deal with difficulties in the way of a speedy repatriation of the overseas forces and to formulate plans for demobilization when peace is declared.

NORWAY'S LOSSES AT SEA.

London, Oct. 3.—The Norwegian legation here announces that during September 19 Norwegian merchant ships of an aggregate tonnage of 36,800 were lost. Twenty Norwegian seamen were killed and seventeen others are reported as missing.

REGAL FREE RUNNING Table Salt

Made in Canada

The CANADIAN SALT CO. LIMITED

Always Dry
and Running Free

Paris, Oct. 3.—The War Office reported last night:

"In Belgium and at various points along the Aisne sector, the artillery action was quite violent. On the right bank of the Meuse, after the intense bombardment reported this morning, German troops delivered a strong attack between Hill 344 and Samogneux.

"The enemy assaulting detachments, under the violence of our fire, were able to reach only our lines at one point, north of Hill 344. After a stubborn combat, we recaptured the greater part of the advance elements where the enemy had gained a foothold."

"Last night enemy aeroplanes bombed the town of Toul, causing losses."

London, Oct. 3.—A report from Field Marshal Haig last night said:

"Beyond artillery action on both sides of the battle front there is nothing of special interest to report."

Berlin, Oct. 3.—The War Office here stated last night:

"In Flanders and before Verdun there have been artillery duels at various points. Minor infantry engagements ended in our favor."

"Last night London, Sheerness, Ramsgate and Dover were once again attacked by our aviators."

PARIS, Oct. 3.—The British, French and Italian Governments through their representatives here have denied categorically the intention attributed to the Entente Powers of taking advantage of the difficult situation in Russia in order to insure their interests.

The British Ambassador has stated officially that Great Britain would never agree to such a policy.

The French Ambassador recently informed the Government that a personage occupying an important post in Germany had made overtures to some French politicians with a view to a discussion of questions of interest to France, but that this attempt was indignantly rejected.

The Italian Ambassador has informed the Government that Italy will continue her co-operation with Russia in the common cause.

BRITISH PREPARING
FOR REPRISALS NOW

LONDON, Oct. 3.—That the British Government contemplates some new and effective steps to counteract German air raids on England was borne out in speeches made by Major-General Sir Francis Lloyd, director of the defences of London, and Dr. Addison, former Minister of Munitions, at a meeting in the London district last night, called to discuss the recent raids.

Dr. Addison remarked that the Germans had got the start of humanity in their different forms of ruthlessness, such as striking unarmed ships with submarines and bombing open towns, but he added:

"I can tell you this—we have got the masters of the submarine menace, and I am perfectly confident that before long we shall achieve just as great a supremacy in the air, whether over this country or over their own."

General Lloyd, speaking with reference to reprisals, said:

"If you desire reprisals, you must let the authorities know, and I shall be glad to forward your requests to the proper quarter."

The Evening Standard states "on the highest authority" that the Government is paying attention to the question of reprisals for German air attacks on London and other places. It says:

"There is no qualification about the decision of the Government to undertake very effective reprisals at the earliest moment consistent with the advice of the high military command."

STATES IS FIGHTING
FOR SACRED RIGHTS

CHICAGO, Oct. 3.—A warning that the United States is not in the war merely for altruistic purposes, but is fighting for her sacred rights, her integrity as a nation and her security for the future, was served on a large Chicago audience last night by Secretary McAdoo in urging that generous support be given the second Liberty Loan.

Secretary McAdoo declared that Germany, in actual fact, had been at war with the United States long before a state of war officially was recognized, and Germany's destruction of American lives through sinking ships was in each case an act of war.

"We should have been at war long since with Germany," he continued. "President Wilson in his eagerness to save the United States from this colossal conflict went to the extreme of forbearance and patience in order to escape with peace and honor, and postponed the conflict until it was no longer possible to avoid the issue."

ALL IN ONE BODY.

BLACKPOOL, ENGLAND, Oct. 3.—An ambitious plan will be laid before the trades union meeting soon to be held here, which if accepted will establish the greatest workers' combination in the world. The proposal is to unite the millions in co-operative movements with the millions in the trade union congresses—that every trade unionist should become a co-operator and every co-operator a trade unionist.

The promoters believe that if the scheme is accepted there will come into existence an organization which will bring together the whole resources of the workers, industrial, productive, distributive, educational and financial, and that it will be the greatest combination the world has ever seen.

THE work will be done leisurely, two or three examinations being held each week. The accepted men will be included in the second call, and will be used to fill gaps in the national army as they occur.

DR. SHORTH TRANSFERRED.

OTTAWA, Oct. 3.—Following a meeting of the Cabinet yesterday afternoon, it was announced that Dr. Adam Shorth had been appointed chairman of the Board of Historical Documents.

Dr. Shorth will be succeeded on the Civil Service Commission by Clarence Jameson, M. P. for Digby, N. S.

DEAFNESS AND NOISES IN THE HEAD can now be most certainly cured by the newly discovered "French Orléans" which is rapidly rising to the actual seat of the trouble, and effects a complete and lasting cure in a few days.

"One box is ample to cure any ordinary deafness and gives almost immediate relief in hundred cases which had been considered hopeless."

Mr. D. Borthwick, of Dalbeattie, N. B., writes: "Your new remedy, which I received from you some time ago, has COMpletely CURED MY HEARING. NEVER MORE THAN TWENTY YEARS DEAFNESS. I will be pleased to recommend it to all my friends."

Scores of other equally good reports.

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Positive—Convincing Proof

We publish the formula of Vinol to prove convincingly that it has the power to create strength.

12 Cwt Liver and Beef Peptides, Iron and Magnesium, Phosphate, Iron and Ammonium Citrate, Lime and Soda Glycophosphates, Casein.

Any woman who buys a bottle of Vinol for a week, run-down, nervous condition and finds after giving it a fair trial it did not help her, will have her money returned.

You see, there is no guess work about Vinol. Its formula proves there is nothing like it for all weak, run-down, overworked, nervous men and women and for feeble old people and delicate children. Try it once and be convinced.

D. E. Campbell, Druggist, Victoria. Also at the best druggist in all British Columbia towns.

Plant, Etc. FOR SALE

by
The Corporation of the City
of Victoria, B. C.

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 12 noon on Tuesday, October 10, 1917, for the sale of a large quantity of Plant, Machinery, Equipment and Corporation supplies of various kinds, including Steam and Gasoline Engines, Steam Boilers, Pumping Engines, Steam Turbines, Piping, Halls, Fish Plates, Bolts, etc., Scrap Iron, Brass, Copper and Rubber, Galvanized Pipe and Fittings, Valves, Rock Crushers, Cement Mixers, etc., Garage Dump Cars, Wheels and Axles, etc.

Specifications may not be obtained from the City Purchasing Agent, to whom all tenders must be addressed, and marked on outside of envelope, "Tender No. All tenders must be made for the amounts specified under each number separately, and each tender must be accompanied by a marked cheque equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender, made payable to the City Treasurer.

All material sold must be removed in not less than sixty (60) days from the date of award of the tender. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Terms to be cash, payable to the City Treasurer, and payment to be made before removal of the material.

W. GALT,
City Purchasing Agent,
City Hall, Victoria, B. C., September
12, 1917.

AMERICAN RECRUITS HAD GOOD DINNER

St. Paul, Oct. 3.—The conductor on a Northern Pacific eastbound passenger train passing through North Dakota late yesterday noticed that a party of nine recruits of an engineering regiment had not eaten for many hours.

"We are trying to do reduce your weight," he said.

The leader of the recruits confessed the men were without money. A passenger seated nearby overheard the discussion.

"Conductor," said the stranger, "these men are going to have the best dinner the diner affords, and it is on me," and for two hours the soldiers ate to their heart's content.

It developed that the generous stranger was William R. Allen, former Lieutenant-Governor of Montana. Later he arranged with the railroad to furnish the soldiers with meals for the remainder of their trip.

The recruits came from Seattle and vicinity.

CZERNIN AT BUDAPEST.

Amsterdam, Oct. 3.—Count Czernin, the Austrian Foreign Minister, has gone to Budapest, according to Vienna dispatches, to visit the Hungarian Premier. It is expected that while there he will make an important political speech.



ECONOMY

"O.K." Box Apples Are Economical

The apple at the bottom is as good as the one at the top. Only carefully selected, true ripened apples are packed under O.K. brand—clean apples spell economy.

OKANAGAN UNITED GROWERS, LIMITED

VERNON, B.C.

A co-operative organization of 3,000 growers, employing 200 people, who work in 30 packing houses and offices.

WRAPPED APPLES KEEP LONGER

Buy them by the Box

TRIAL OF I. W. W.'S. AT CHICAGO; 166 MEN

Attorney Representing Organization Makes Sweeping Denial of Charges

Chicago, Oct. 3.—Whether an organization may go on strike during war time, and whether members of the organization may stay on a strike when that strike was initiated before the war started, are the two paramount issues between the United States Government and the 166 indicted members of the I. W. W., according to Mr. Christensen, attorney for the latter organization.

Sweeping denial of each of the charges named in the indictment was made by Christensen, who asserted the chief point at issue is whether the I. W. W. members are within the law in promulgating strikes during war time.

"The Government charges can not possibly stand up," he declared. "The I. W. W. has at no time taken a positive position in regard to the war. Some of the strikes we are charged with starting to embarrass the Government were started before the war began. As to our alleged attempt to fight conscription, I refer the Federal agents to the large number of I. W. W. members who are now in the various cantonments."

The charge that German money has been backing the organization is ridiculous."

Mr. Christensen admitted that strenuous efforts are being made to obtain funds for some of the leaders. He declared it would be impossible to secure a total of \$1,625,000, which would secure the release of all under indictment, but he intimated some of the members now in jail would be released on bail.

F. A. Vanderveer, of Seattle, has arrived in Chicago and will be associated with Mr. Christensen in the defense of the prisoners.

NATIONAL PARTY IN THE UNITED STATES

Chicago, Oct. 3.—Chicago may become the birthplace of a new "national party," which is yet unnamed, but is to be recruited from the Prohibition, Progressive, Single Tax and Social Democratic groups. A tentative draft of the platform approves universal suffrage, national prohibition, executive control, land ownership, public ownership of coal mines, oil wells, telegraph and telephone systems and other public utilities, and the use of union labor in all Government enterprises.

The prohibition "national committee," which was in session here yesterday, voted to concentrate its efforts in 1918 on twenty Congressional districts and to raise a campaign fund of \$300,000 for that purpose. This plan is to be abandoned if the amalgamation of the new "national party" is effected.

Parties, Oct. 3.—Andrew Courtney Campbell, Jr., of Kenilworth, Ill., a corporal in the Lafayette escadrille, disappeared Monday while on a reconnoitering expedition in his aircraft. His fate is not known.

Sergeant Henry Sweet Jones, of the escadrille, downed his first German machine the same day.

It was reported recently that Corporal Campbell had been awarded the French War Cross.

BEGGARS SENT FROM STATES TO PERSIA

Seattle, Oct. 3.—Twenty-one members of the so-called Chaldean clique, recently arrested in New York by federal authorities on charges of being professional beggars and ordered deported to Persia, arrived here to-day on their way to Persia through Russia. The gold, silver and diamonds carried by the group are estimated to be worth more than \$50,000.

JITNEYS ABOUT DONE IN SPRINGFIELD, MO.

Springfield, Mo., Oct. 3.—An ordinance regulating jitney traffic, passed by the City Council several months ago, was ratified at a special election held here yesterday. The ratification of the ordinance virtually seals the doom of jitney traffic here.

ARRANGEMENT BETWEEN FRANCE AND SWITZERLAND

Paris, Oct. 3.—An arrangement has been concluded between Switzerland and France, for three months, by which a group of Swiss banks will open a credit of 12,500,000 francs monthly to be employed by discounting debts signed by financiers connected with a group of French banks.

PAINTERS ON STRIKE.

Calgary, Oct. 3.—The Calgary painters and decorators went on strike last night, demanding an increase in wages to 55 cents an hour to April 1 next, and then 57½ cents to July 1. They are now being paid 50 cents an hour. The union conceded the question of an open shop, but the master painters still refused to grant the increase asked for.

HIGHER RATES.

Washington, Oct. 3.—By an order of the Interstate Commerce Commission the celebrated inter-mountains rate case was practically reopened to-day for consideration of new tariffs proposed by the railroads which would effect increases ranging from 10 to 60 per cent, on about 70 per cent. of the present schedules.

ENGINEERING WORK.

Calgary, Oct. 3.—Engineer Craig reports that the work on the groins on the north side of the Elbow River at Sunnyside commenced yesterday, and that work will proceed forthwith.

NORTHCLIFFE TALKS OF U BOAT PROBLEM

Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 2.—The greatest task of the United States in the war will be the submarine problem. Lord Northcliffe told Rochester businessmen last night at a dinner to dedicate the new Chamber of Commerce building here, and he added that there was no machine-made that was able to sink a submarine.

"We have learned how to harry them," he added, "and we have devised ways of disguising our ships so that they often escape detection. While there is practically no danger for fast ships, there has been no system devised yet by which transports may be insured safe passage across the submarine infested zone. All your inventive genius should be given to this problem."

"At the present time the problem of getting your men and supplies to the front is not sufficiently considered. You will have to have larger supplies at your base than we British need at ours because we have only to cross the Channel, and so far we have not lost a single life in transport. You have a great task before you in solving this problem."

BRANDON ELECTRICAL PLANT CHANGES HANDS

Brandon, Man., Oct. 3.—The sale has been completed of the properties of the Brandon Electric Light Company, Ltd., and the Brandon Gas & Power Company, Ltd., to the Canada Gas & Electric Corporation, a company composed of financial interests in the city of Cleveland, Ohio.

G. A. Paterson, who for the past 25 years has been managing director of the Brandon Electric Light Company, Ltd., has been appointed general manager of the new corporation's properties in Brandon.

URGES CANADIANS TO HAVE BROAD VISION

Montreal, Oct. 3.—The Most Rev. C. L. Worrell, Archbishop of Nova Scotia and Metropolitan of the Ecclesiastical Province of Canada, at the opening of the 22nd annual meeting of the synod of the Anglican province of Canada here yesterday afternoon delivered a stirring address in which he expressed the hope that the best citizens of Canada would look with broad vision upon the needs of the hour and sink all party and selfish aspirations.

AMERICAN AIRMAN MISSING IN FRANCE

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CHARGE FROM GUN WENT THROUGH LUNG

Aberdeen, Wash., Oct. 3.—Wesley Jones, aged 16, son of Mrs. F. E. Jones, of this place, was accidentally shot while hunting Monday night and is in the Montane Hospital in a serious condition.

Jones was dragging his gun through a fence when it was discharged. The charge of shot tore a hole as large as a gun barrel through his right lung.

SWEEP OVER FALLS.

Niagara Falls, Oct. 3.—A Norwegian and a Dane reported to the authorities yesterday a terrible experience they had on the river the preceding night. They and a friend, Otto Olsen, tried to get over the bridge, but were turned back by United States officials. They got a skip two miles above the falls and tried to row across, but the current caught the boat and they were upset. Olsen was swept over the falls, but the other two men managed to swim to Navy Island, where they were rescued.

OPERATORS ACQUITTED.

Montreal, Oct. 3.—Twelve American telephone operators recently imported from the United States to take the places of strikers on the Great Northwestern Telegraph Company's system, have been acquitted of the charge of violating the Canadian alien labor law.

TRY MAKING YOUR OWN COUGH REMEDY

You can save about \$2, and have a better remedy than the ready-made kind. Easily done.

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ENGINEERING WORK.

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CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIAN SOLDIERS

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—The following casualties have been announced:

Infantry.

Killed in action—Pte. E. L. Carter, Salt Spring Island.

Missing—Pte. M. F. Piercy, Sandwick, B. C.

Wounded—Pte. J. S. McConnell, Vancouver; Pte. G. L. Churchyard, Eburne.

Engineers.

Died of wounds—Sapper A. Bone, Merritt.

Wounded—Sapper Edward Trimble, Vancouver; Lieut. Arthur J. McLean, Regina; Sapper John Espin, Vancouver.

Artillery.

Died—Driver Gordon R. Malcolm, Victoria.

Services.

Wounded—Lance-Corp. Donald Hope, Vancouver.

Infantry.

Killed—Pte. Lawrence Charles Deveine, Regina, Sask.; Pte. Willie Forbes, Mattawa, Ont.; Pte. Everett Joines, North Carolina, U. S. A.; Pte. William Bouckler, Newington, Ont.; Pte. Samuel Edward Trueman, Minnesota, Man.; Pte. Alphonse Gauthier, Deschambault, Que.; Pte. Geo. Crichell, Edinburgh, Scot.; Pte. John Blevins, Ottawa, Ont.; Pte. William Charles Halliday, Sussex, Eng.; Pte. Robert Calder Orr, Ratho, Scotland; Pte. Frederick Charles Welch, London, Eng.; Pte. William Henry Corfield, Wales; Pte. James Craig, Logieville, N. B.; Pte. Frederick Daniel Young, Winnipeg, Man.; Pte. Charles Henry Stott, Cut Bank, Mont., U. S. A.; Pte. Thomas Pendright Leyland, Lancs, Eng.; Pte. Wm. Henry Fessey, Damascus, Ont.; Pte. Charles McConnell, Killarney, Man.; Pte. John Alfred Montgomery, Glasgow, Scotland; Pte. George William Gibson, Nottingham, Eng.; Pte. Edward Hynes, Pendleton, Ill.; Pte. Sidney John Ware, Muswell Hill, Eng.; Pte. James Wellington Wilson, Argyle Station, Man.; Pte. Ernest Wilson, St. Mary's, Ont.; Pte. Irvin Stanley Nixon, Portage La Prairie, Man.; Pte. John Frederick Morris, Hamilton, Ont.; Pte. Roy Joseph Hippisley, Toronto, Ont.; Pte. John Jones, Uchaf Aberfan, N. Wales; Major Herbert G. Wickens, Toronto, Ont.; Pte. John Bosman, Stratford, Ont.; Pte. William G. Affleck, Rupertia, Scot.; Pte. Charles Francis Bennett, London, Ont.; Pte. Walter Evans, Sunbury, Ont.; Pte. Arleigh Charles Rice, Whitby, Ont.; Pte. Norman Earle Bush, Smith's Falls, Ont.; Pte. Alexander McKay, Fifeshire, Scotland; Pte. Gerrit Mulder, Tillsonburg, Ont.; Pte. Gordon Chinn, Ingersoll, Ont.; Pte. Frederick Arthur Irwin, 5th Dragoon Guards, B. E. F.; Pte. John Robert Maggach, Beachville, Ont.; Pte. John Neil Morrison, Edmonton, Alta.

Artillery.

Killed—Driver Edgar Alexander Mc-Lennan, Winnipeg, Man.; Driver John Henry Schellieper, Ottawa, Ont.

Died of wounds—Gnr. Reginald Armstrong, Hull, Hamilton, Ont.

Died—Gnr. William Harold Smith, Fredericton, N. B.; Gnr. Ernest David Manning, Forest, Ont.; Act-Bomb. Samuel Campbell Gray, Calgary, Alta.; Gnr. Alexander Nelson Morrison, Glasgow, Scotland; Gnr. Sydney Williams, Toronto, Ont.; Lieut. Norman Eric Wallace, Hamilton, Ont.

Engineers.

Killed—Lieut. Bliss W. Ryan, Watopon, Wash., U. S. A.

Wounded—Lieut. Arthur James McLaren, Regina, Sask.; Capt. Alexander Campbell Young, Renfrew, Ont.; Sapper Thomas Alfred Barringer, Montreal, Que.; Sapper George Porteous, Tonquie, Que.

III—Lance-Corp. Caleb James Davis, Edmonton, Alta.

Services.

Killed—Pte. Albert Metherell Brimell, Little Britain, Ont.



AND WHY NOT MR. HANNA?

A representative of The Toronto Star recently inquired of Food Controller Hanna what he proposed to do in regard to the price of bacon. Mr. Hanna's reply was clearly evasive. This is what he said:

"They are taking care of that in the surplus market—Great Britain—which is the most efficient way of dealing with any commodity. It will not be necessary, therefore, to fix a price for bacon in Canada, but whatever is done in the United States will be followed here."

Thus, the price of bacon in Canada is to be determined by the condition of the surplus market in Great Britain and what action the United States Food Controller sees fit to take in regard to the commodity in his country. But, why does not Mr. Hanna do his own regulating? Lord Rhondda is doing it—and with Canadian bacon and flour, too—and no doubt when Canadian bacon is as high-priced in the United States as it is in Canada, Mr. Hoover also will take such steps as are necessary. While it is interesting to us in Canada to learn from Mr. Hanna that there are men in England and the United States with backbone and initiative enough to deal with these problems it is discouraging to be informed that they are expected to solve Canadian problems also.

On this aspect of Mr. Hanna's helplessness The Montreal Herald makes the following pertinent comment:

"So here we have a Food Controller, who admits that he has a staff of about 100 of the best men in Canada; who declares that he has been given an absolutely free hand in fixing prices, and yet who tells the public that nothing can be done till Mr. Hoover sets the example. Does milk go up in Montreal? Mr. Hoover has been appointed by the United States Government to deal with this question if it should arise in other territory. Are the interests charging famine prices for butter? Mr. Hoover perhaps will deal with this question in the United States, and then we shall know how to tackle it, but most likely he will not, because good, cheap margarine can be bought there. Is a potato combine at work in the markets of Eastern Canada? Wait till they find such a combine in the United States, and then see what Mr. Hoover does. And so it goes, all through the list. People will possibly be surprised to hear that a Food Controller with 100 of the best men in Canada as his assistants, is leaving the price of Canadian bacon to Canadians in Canada to be regulated in Great Britain, and the price of all other food to be regulated by what Mr. Hoover says in Washington."

AN AERIAL MAIL SERVICE?

Discussing the possibilities of aircraft transportation in time of peace, The Christian Science Monitor predicts that as soon as tranquility has been restored to the world the air will be, as it were, alive with flying machines, the great majority of which will be engaged in useful activities. Among those activities, it points out, will be the conveyance of mail, and mentions in this connection the recent recommendation of the United States Post Office Department to Congress that \$100,000 be set aside for the purpose of operating an aerial mail service between New York and Chicago.

WITH COMPOUND INTEREST."

"We will give it back to them and will give it back to them soon; we will bomb Germany with compound interest." This is the reply Mr. Lloyd George is reported to have made to-day to a delegation representing the people in the poorer quarters of London who have borne the brunt of the German aircraft raids and who are demanding counter-attacks against the enemy. Dr. Addison, former Minister of Munitions, also intimated that Great Britain would give the Huns some generous doses of their own measures.

There is only one way in which Great Britain can restrict, if not stop altogether, German raids over open British towns and that is by raiding Germany. Failure to do this is a standing invitation to the Germans to make these raids; it is regarded by them as a sign of weakness, not as an indication of morality or magnanimity. Germany at war does not know what morality or magnanimity means. She understands force and force alone. Her newspapers point to the absence of counter-attacks by Great Britain as certain manifestation of the "fear" and "growing impotence" of the country across the North Sea and when raid after raid on London is reported and there is no come-back the public believes the fiction.

The German offensive at Verdun was stopped by the British offensive at the Somme. The German aerial offensive against London can be stopped by a British aerial offensive—against Cologne, Frankfort, Dusseldorf and other Rhenish centres. And just as the British land offensives were vastly more overpowering than the German onslaught at Verdun, in weight of metal and material, so the British stroke against the Rhine should be infinitely heavier than the German attacks upon London.

Mr. Lloyd George is quoted as declaring that the British would "give it back to the enemy with compound interest." In other words, Great Britain will strike Germany from the air with the same persistency with which France is now striking her. A few days ago the Germans bombed Bar-le-Duc. The French immediately returned the blow by bombing Stuttgart. The next day they bombed Frankfort, Treves, Coblenz, and Stuttgart again. Yesterday they bombed Baden. At that distance they can outlast the Germans and they know it. When their operations have been reinforced by the measures the British Government is contemplating, the Berlin authorities will have a busy time responding to the appeals for protection which will arise from those communities which were assured that only their enemies would feel the ravages of war.

Anglo-French raids over Germany are necessary measures for the defence of their own people. The heavy-jowled, coarse-ruffians who direct Germany's efforts in the conflict have chosen this form of warfare as one of their strongest cards. Reckoning on the "weakness" which avoided reprisals they have made their campaign admittedly a menace—hoping no doubt that it will take the place of the submarine campaign as an antidote to German depression. Great Britain repaid them for the use of asphyxiating gas with "compound interest" and will do the same from the air.

TIGHTENING THE BLOCKADE.

Washington regards Great Britain's new embargo on exports to the European neutrals as a most important move in the throttling of Germany. In conjunction with the regulation of exports from the United States by the licensing system it plugs the leak through which the Central Empires have been able to increase their supplies of food and raw materials to a very large extent. In the future if the neutrals ship these commodities to Germany and Austria they must do so at their own loss; their own people will suffer. In that case there will be trouble, for the public will demand that the Governments conserve the supply of food and if German influence makes these Governments obtrude some of the neutrals of Europe will be torn with revolutions this winter.

Sweden has been an extremely profitable base of supply for Germany since the war began. This is legitimate, of course, but it is equally the right of the Allies to take measures to prevent their products reaching the enemy through any medium. Sweden and the other neutrals will receive sufficient for the needs of their people and that is all. They no longer will be permitted to import from Great Britain and America three times as much food and materials as they required for all purposes in time of peace.

The blockade against the Central Empires which is now being made airtight, is one of the counter-offensives of the Allies to the enemy's unrestricted submarine warfare and other forms of frightfulness. This fact is often forgotten by those who are demanding some spectacular performance by the navy. Nor should we forget that the blockade already has caused the enemy enormous damage. It has annihilated his overseas trade, the basis of his internal industrial activity and prosper-

ity. It has impaired his munitionment. It has reduced his agricultural production and limited the supply of food to his people to an extent which confronts many millions of his people with the spectre of starvation. We have often heard it said that Germany can weather the storm as far as food is concerned because she has access to the fields of Poland, Roumania, Northern France and Belgium. But if the daily ration in Berlin described by Mr. Gerard the other day is general throughout the country, Germany is operating on a very thin margin and were the Allies to drive her out of France and Belgium and the Roumanians, taking advantage of such a victory, to regain their own fields, the food problem would become immediately vital.

As a matter of fact the food situation in the Central Empires this winter will be serious in any case. Food Controller Herr von Waldow said in the Reichstag three weeks ago that he thought Germany could hold out, but there was very little fodder for cattle or pigs; therefore a majority of these must be killed before winter. He admitted that temporary increase of meat supply caused in this way would be followed by severe shortage. On the 17th he gave notice of the Food Department's action that all pigs weighing as much as thirty pounds must be killed at the end of the pasture season. Dwellers in German cities are asking the Government to prevent farmers from feeding potatoes to cattle.

There are many published complaints in Germany that the ration of potatoes, meat, and bread is so small that men living on it are too weak for labor. Lack of oats and barley, one Berlin paper says, deprives the people of something supplemental "by which alone they tided over last Spring." There is new evidence of coal shortage. Many city shops are closed as darkness comes on, and throughout the day whenever artificial light is needed on account of the weather. In Stettin there is no lighting of streets at night. Exports of coal to neutrals have been cut down to almost nothing, except those which go to Switzerland in return for a loan.

Press Comments

CONSCRIPTION.

(Edmonton Bulletin.)

A "high official source" is authority for the statement that only 1,500 men will be conscripted in Saskatchewan. If the object of the conscription bill was to avoid conscripting men where conscription has not been necessary that would be just 1,500 men more than Saskatchewan is due to be asked for. But the bill has no such purpose. It has been explicitly declared and emphasized that it is not in those sections of the country which have provided the men asked for that conscription will be felt the least, but in that province of the Dominion which has failed most signally to supply its quota. That being the case, it is confusing to have daily assurances from diverse and sundry official and semi-official quarters that conscription is not going to conscript anywhere to any notable extent. For weeks the public have been fed up with stories of who and where conscription won't conscript. What they would like to know now, for a change, is where those 100,000 men are to be got without conscripting anybody.

THE MORE THE BETTER.

(Providence Journal.)

British Columbia proposes to do its bit in shipbuilding—fifty vessels will soon be launched from its ways. The more cargo carriers the better, to overcome the noxious submarine. Every shipyard in the Allied countries should assume its full share of the world-wide obligation.

HOLY WILLIE'S LATEST PRAYER.

O. Lord, wha in the Heavens dost dwell, fear that things are no gairn well; How the world is I canna tell.

Baith "cultured" courses,

And frightful methods fail to quell

The Allied Forces.

Lord, I set out to slay a Bear,

And hunt a Lion in his lair.

And throw the neck o' Chanticleer.

The Cock was game!

An' a' I've got's a Belgian Hare

I canna tame.

O. Lord, I hope you understand

It was at your express command

My people took the sword in hand

Their foes to chasten.

If Thou woud'st help the German band,

O, do Thou hasten!

Ye shairly canna reise

My army's dwindlin' doon in size,

And sausages are on the rise,

It's maist distressin'.

Some miracle, O. Lord, devise,

An' reap ma blesshin'.

Oh, Lord, my faith is sorely tried,

Look to Thee to turn the tide;

I thought Thou ever woudst abide

A frenz' to Willie.

But noo wif' foes on lika side,

I'm near driven silly.

"The Day," O. Lord, hast Thou forgotten,

Thy blesshin' I was sure I'd gotten;

Yet here wif' grief an' rage I'm gotten

Ahain in the trenches.

With Petain gibblin' like a rotten

At my defences.

Lord, I beseech Thee, hear ma prayer—

Bless me on land an' sea an' air;

Preserve me from the Russian Bear—

Cle' Thou its claws,

Or set it dancin' at a fair

WF—muzzled jaws.

I've caid doon kirks, O. Lord, but those

Were filled wi' French an' other foes,

Wha live on haggis or hrose

An' worship Burns;

An' wear extraordinary clo'es

That gie folks tura.

O. Lord, destroy these Scottish chiel,

That dress like lassies—fecht like deil;

They're slippery as conger eels—

I canna match them.

O lay Thy sash upon their heels,

That I may catch them.

O. Lord, what made my spies a' think

That Britain was at ruin's brink?

Wit' Ireland seethin' like a sink,

Wi' civil strife,

An' Scotland's glory doomed in drink,

Devild o' life.

Sink Thou, O. Lord, the British fleet,

For purt'leaud Turpie's fairy heat

Stop this infernal hall an' sheet

That fills the trenches,

And grant us something to defeat—

E'en weans an' wenches.

O. Lord, excuse this hurried prayer,

My armies need me everywhere,

A' I must travel here and there,

Frae east to west;

An' so haes nae mair time to spare—

Excuse the rest,

that takes the manufacture of oleomargarine of any kind, and very much more heavily taxes that substance when it is prepared in the only manner that makes it a competitor on fair terms with butter.

The only imaginable reason why even the white oleomargarine that next to nobody will buy is taxed and can be sold only under an elaborate system of licenses, and why, if it be colored exactly as is all except a very little of the very best butter, and so made largely salable, the licensing system is still further elaborated and the tax many times multiplied—the reason for all that is because the dairymen want it to be. They have never been able to deny that oleomargarine is as wholesome and nutritious as their own product. Everybody who has given the matter any attention knows that it is exactly the same thing, and that its better grades are to eye and taste practically indistinguishable from butter by anybody before whom the two may be set unlabeled.

Whether made of beef fat or of any one of several pure vegetable oils, there is absolutely nothing to be said against oleomargarine as food and much to be said in its favor. Even to the imagination it ought to appeal more effectively than butter, for it is of far cleaner origin, and there is no suspicion, as in the case of butter, that it sometimes carries the germs of disease.

And were oleomargarine permitted to come into the general use for which it is fully qualified, not only would it save money as a cheap substitute for butter, but it should and would decrease the prices of milk and of all the milk products, especially cream, the cost of which is fast approaching the prohibitory point,

HOWLERS.

(Christian Science Monitor.)

Dr. Lyttelton gives some other instances of "howlers" of which he has heard, but which he thinks are too clever not to have been touched up. For instance, the answer to: "Trace the growth of the power of Parliament during the reign of the Tudors." "In the reign of Elizabeth the Commonwealth was always petitioning the Sovereign to marry—a thing they would not have dreamt of doing in the time of Henry the Eighth." But unquestionably genuine was the reply of the boy in class to the question concerning two lines in the poem "To Althea: from Prison." Dr. Lyttelton explained to the boys that the lover prisoner, when he had sight of his lady, forgot his captivity. Then he asked: X—what the lines meant:

Enlarged winds that curl the flood

Know no such liberty.

Such liberty as what or whose? and the youth, after a great deal of thought and some confusion, gravely said:

"Such liberty as his when he'd got rid of her."

It is periodically refreshing to dwell in thought on some of the sayings of the earliest and I may even say saintly men we have right here in our midst, men who show in more ways than one that they are trying to follow in the steps of their Master.

Truly, were we alive to our own local wealth, we need not send a dollar anywhere to get help in our religious difficulties.

Again thanking you for devoting so much valuable space to this noble service.

MRS. J. WOODWARD.

PRICE OF POTATOES.

To the Editor:—I read in your paper

last night that a committee met in the Parliament Buildings and passed a resolution to the effect that the Government put a minimum price of \$20 per ton on potatoes. What does this mean? Does it mean that the farmers are expecting a big crop and if they do not get the Government to put a minimum price of \$20 per ton the competition between them to sell will be so keen that the prices will go down so low that they will not be able to make a profit? Whatever the motive is really doesn't matter. What does matter, in my opinion, is this: That the farmer can sell potatoes at a minimum of \$20 per ton and make a profit. Now from a consumer's point of

DAVID SPENCER, LIMITED

Women's Stylish Astrachan Coats in Navy, Brown and Black—Special at \$17.50

Exceptional Value in Women's Tailored Suits of Navy Blue Serge, at—

\$22.50



This is really wonderful value, for it compares most favorably with Suits of the same class sold at the same price as a year ago.

When you consider present day high prices of Navy Serges you will realize more the advantage to be gained in buying a Suit of this description.

The style features long pleated coat with belt and full skirt, smartly trimmed with self-covered buttons and silk cord. The skirt has full back and patch pockets.

High-grade tailoring throughout, and a model that will give every satisfaction and the best of service. An offering worth investigating.

Spencer's Exclusive Value at \$22.50

Selling, First Floor

Inexpensive Underwear You Can Save \$2.00 to \$2.50 on a Pair of All-Wool Blankets

A few very special lines we are offering in Women's Knit Underwear, in nice Fall weights. Inexpensive, but strong, durable grades:

Velva Undergarments at 50c

A nice soft finished garment, almost as soft as velvet, as the name implies, warm and serviceable. Vests are in high and Dutch neck style with long sleeves. Drawers open and closed.

Hygiene Underwear at 85c

In natural shade fleece lined, high neck and long sleeves. Drawers in ankle length to match. A nice warm quality for those who need serviceable underwear at low cost.

Fleece Lined Undergarments at \$1.00

The well-known Harvey Knit manufacture, very durable quality, warm and comfortable fitting. Dutch neck and short sleeves also high neck and long sleeves. Drawers in closed style.

Fleece Lined Combinations at \$1.75

Same make as above—Harvey Knit—high neck, short sleeves and ankle length.

Selling, First Floor

A Splendid Range of Shades and Values in

Sweater Coats for Girls

These are garments that most school girls will need during the next few months. There will be a big demand for them—for several reasons. They are warm and serviceable, attractive and low in cost.

We would suggest that you bring your girls along and choose early, while assortments of colors and sizes are at their best.

A neat coat style with turn-down collar, in a nice even weave. The shades are rose, paddy, olive, emerald, cardinal, Copenhagen, brown and white.

Sizes to 6 years, each \$2.75 and \$2.90
Sizes 8 to 10 years, each, \$3.90 and \$4.50

Coat style with belt and pockets in shades rose, dark saxe, cardinal and white. Sizes 2 to 4 years. Each, \$3.90 and \$4.50

Cap and Scarf to match, extra, at each \$1.00

Selling First Floor

Children's Woolen Caps—A Big Variety at 50c, 75c and \$1.00

One of these warm Woolen Caps will make a nice inexpensive headpiece for your girls. Just the identical cap for school wear during the cold, wet, windy weather.

Woolen Caps—In brown, blue, white, gold, rose-pink, Kelly green, cardinal, saxe, and in striped effects. Special value at 50c, 75c and \$1.00

Corduroy Velvet Caps—In navy, brown, grey, maroon and white. Special at 50¢

Mercerized Caps—Very smart in colors Copenhagen with white, mellow with white and plain white. Each, 75c and \$1.00

Selling First Floor

One-Piece Congoleum Rugs in Smart Persian Designs

They have the exact appearance of a beautiful Axminster Carpet. Effects such as we have seen in no other floor covering of its kind. Really artistic and decidedly superior.

There are other designs and colorings to suit the dining room, the parlor, the den, the breakfast room and the kitchen—a size for any room, too.

Congoleum Rugs can be laid on any kind of floor—stone, cement or wood—because they lay perfectly flat, do not curl or kick up, and require no tacking down. They are absolutely waterproof and cannot rot with damp, because there is no canvas or substance in them to rot. The nature of the materials from which they are made makes them positively germ-proof. Investigate. Come in and let us demonstrate.

Size 6x9. Selling at \$7.50 Size 9x10.6. Selling at \$12.90 Size 9x12. Selling at \$15.00

Carpets, Third Floor

54-Inch Tweed Suitings

Special at, a Yard

\$2.50

A very smart range of durable Woolen Tweeds in the most fashionable shades and patterns for this season. Fabrics that will make up into splendid wearing suits, suitable for wear on all occasions—a regular utility suit. See these in the Dress Goods Section.

—Main Floor

Complete Vocal Scores

CHU CHIN CHOW

Bing Boys are Here.

Each, \$1.50

Sheet Music, First Floor



Three New Styles in Boys' Overcoats

Destined to Be Very Popular This Winter

The Trench Model—The Raglan—The Mackinaw

Although there are other styles in Boys' Overcoats being shown, yet we believe that these three styles will take the lead. They are new models, different to those shown in previous seasons, and their smartness will at once appeal to both boys and parents alike.

They are splendid value Coats, too. Well tailored and very neatly finished from good, serviceable materials, both warm and durable. Other details follow:

The Trench Model Overcoat

Is tailored in a smart double-breasted effect, with belt at waist line. Big convertible collar and patch pockets; also semi-pinch-back. A very warm, comfortable model, selling at a popular price.

Sizes 3 to 8 years. Special at \$6.90 Sizes 9 to 16 years. Special at \$8.95

The New Raglan Overcoat

A smart, new model we had made up to suit boys 2 to 17 years. The sleeve of this Coat is made in the new Raglan style, and finished with gauntlet-cuffs, slash pockets, convertible collar. This model can be had in two different weights—the lighter weight for early fall, and the heavier weight for cold, stormy winter wear. Beautiful grades of woolen coatings, fancy tweed mixtures, in greys and browns, also gabardines. Prices, according to weight and size,

\$6.95, \$7.95 to \$15.00

New Novelties in Mackinaws

This is the style Coat always popular with boys because of its short length, big pockets and great comfort. A Coat boys can wear when cycling, skating, walking or at play. It is not too heavy or cumbersome. These Coats are most beautifully made and finished, piped seams inside, and all buttons are reinforced inside of Coat with a small button. The pockets are in novelty shape, having one large enough for carrying skates in. You choose from five different patterns. Better come and see these Coats, boys. Sizes 3 to 16. Priced

\$5.75 to \$8.95

—Boys' Clothing, Main Floor

Woolen Sweaters and Jerseys the Boys Will Appreciate

Because they are such warm, comfortable garments—especially for school wear. They are inexpensive, too. Just read the following details and then come in and examine the quality.

Boys' Sweaters, heavy woven rib, cotton, with roll collar, in colors fawn, grey and mole. Sizes 24 to 26 and 28, each \$5.50
Sizes 30 and 32, each \$5.50

Fine Cashmere All-Wool Jersey Sweaters, in navy, brown and white. Each, \$1.75 to \$2.50

Cashmere or worsted—in sizes 24 to 34, Jersey style or without buttons on shoulder. Each, \$2.15 to \$2.75

Heavy Ribbed Cotton Sweaters, with wool collar, to wear up or down; combination colors of mole and moss, grey and navy. Sizes 24 to 32. Each, \$1.15 to \$1.25

Priced from \$1.30 to \$2.10

—Selling, Main Floor

Exceptional Value in Plain and Cord Velvets at, a Yard

50c

Seeing that Velvet Fabrics are so very fashionable this Fall and Winter for women's and children's garments, this offering will be greatly appreciated. The grade will be found most suitable for coats, suits, separate skirts, dresses and children's wear.

You will prove it economical to consider these velvets when planning your Winter wardrobe.

Very special at, a yard 50¢

—Selling Main Floor

Boys' British-Made Shirts

Boys' and Youths' Union Flannel Shirts, in medium weight, with turn-down collars, buttoned down point, back and front; band cuffs; also same Shirt with sateen neckband for wear with separate collar. Various light and medium fancy stripes. Cut large in body and well finished. Sizes 11, 11½, 12 and 12½. Each \$1.00

Sizes 13, 13½ and 14. Each \$1.15

Youths' British-made Tunie Shirts, with starched collar band, soft double cuffs; coat shape. Made from fine striped cambric.

Sizes 13, 13½ and 13¾. Worth \$1.75. Special at \$1.25

Same Style Shirt, with 3-inch starched cuffs. Size 13½ only. Special at \$1.25

—Selling, Main Floor



Smart New Hats of Hatters' Plush

Are being shown in our Millinery Showroom on second floor. These are smart, stylish models, in small and large shapes; various designs. Most interesting values. Splendid Hats for Fall wear.

—Millinery, Second Floor

Some Housekeepers Are Preparing Their Christmas Puddings

—for we are already experiencing a demand for Pudding Bowls. They are buying them from the Spencer Crockery Department because we are selling off a big stock at **Last Year's Prices**. We would suggest that you secure yours early, before the demand has used up our stocks. Buy early and save.

English White Pudding Bowls, each, 15c, 20c, 25c and 30c

Yellow Pudding Bowls, each, 15c, 20c and 30c

Brown Pudding Bowls, 15c, 25c and 30c

Covered Pudding Bowls, each, 35c and 45c

White Pudding Moulds—These can be used for jellies or blancmanges. Each, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c

—Crockery, Second Floor



A Strong Walking Boot With Flexible Sole for Women and Girls

—A real sensible Boot, made specially for women and growing girls who do much walking and standing.

It is a strong, durable quality that will prove most serviceable for wet weather wear. Made of box calf skin, with medium heavy sole and low military heel; smart flexible last, with a good shaped toe. All sizes.

Special Value, a Pair, \$8.00

—Selling First Floor

DAVID SPENCER, LIMITED

Much Money Is Wasted

on tins, boxes and cardboard packages.

ECONOMIZE

by purchasing as much as possible in bulk.

Our Special To-morrow will net you a saving of over 25 per cent. on Package Goods.

THURSDAY SPECIAL

Breakfast Food—B. & K Wheat Flakes	25c
Bulk, 3 lbs.	
Fresh Stock.	
Johnston's Fluid Beef	
Bottle 99c	Malahat Coffee
Fresh ground, lb. 25c	
Old Dutch Cleanser	
25c	Mayne Island Tomatoes, per crate. \$1.19
White Swan Washing Powder, pkt. 25c	Concord Grapes Large basket. 74c

Specials All This Week

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT

Culture Straining Bowls, regular 30c, for	19c
Fancy English Teapots, up to \$1.10 for	69c
Aluminum Tea Kettles, with Sauceman inset, regular \$6.50, for	\$5.50
Wire Strainers, regular 25c, for	20c
Alvina (a splendid tonic), large bottles, regular \$1.00, for	74c
War Tax Paid.	
Phillip Morris Virginia Oval Cigarettes, 20 cigarettes in box, regular 25c, for	20c

DRUG DEPARTMENT

B. C. Granulated Sugar, 20 lbs.	\$2.08
Bartlett Pears 21 lbs.	94c
Genuine Spaghetti 3 lbs.	25c
Selected Bananas Per dozen	19c

H. O. KIRKHAM & CO., LTD.

Victoria, B. C. Duncan, B. C.

PHONES: Grocery, 178 and 179. Delivery, 5522. Fish and Provisions, 5520. Meat, 5521

Wherever tea is liked to-day, you will find the first favorite is always LIPTON'S.



CAMOSUN BRAND



Twenty-five years experience has perfected a Pickling Vinegar that we guarantee will keep your vegetables, etc., in perfect condition; and its flavor is equal to any English Vinegar. We also recommend our Pure Malt, Cider and Blended Vinegars. Buy through your grocer, or Phone 502. **Western Pickling Works, Ltd.** 851 Fisgard Street

The Housewife Who Played Safe

There was a certain woman who entered the holy estate of matrimony with a burning desire to shine as a good provider. What she knew about the purchase of coal would put most novices stamp, but a kindly providence had provided her with some brains and the ability to use them. So she made diligent enquiry among her friends as to the best place to purchase her winter's supply of coal. And it came to pass that she learned of Kirk & Company and wondered if the old of the Wellington Coal they sell was promptness and courtesy with which they deliver it. Her kind friends remembering the rigors of last winter also advised her to buy early, so she did not cut off and suffer in the times of deep snow. And she followed this advice, thereby earning great praise from her devoted spouse.

MORAL: Safety First is just as good in the house as on the street.

Kirk & Co., Ltd.

1212 Broad

Phone 139

REMARKABLE RECORDS

Marrying Eleven Thousand Couples; Other Strange Happenings.

There was a man walking about London lately, over here on war service, who lives, when at home, in Vancouver. Business has brought him to London before, not once only, but fifty-one times. Reckoning the distance at 5,000 miles only, a mileage much under the actual, this gives over 500,000 miles travelled in these journeys alone.

Recently a commodore of the Cunard Line retired who had been forty-

Social & Personal

Mrs. Percy Barton, of Calgary, is visiting friends in the city for a few weeks.

*** Mrs. J. C. Kemp, who was over from Vancouver yesterday with the delegation from the Provincial Committee on Food Conservation, returned on the midnight boat to the mainland. During her brief visit to the city she made a preliminary survey of the field with a view to organizing a company of the Women's Battalion, which has been drilling in Vancouver for some time.

The Victoria Graduated Nurses' Association met last evening at the Victoria Club rooms. Miss Grimmer was in the chair. Miss Jessie McKenzie, of Vancouver, reported the meeting of the Provincial Association held on September 28. Miss Tripp, recently of No. 5 Base Hospital, Salonic, gave a very interesting account of the experiences of that unit. It was decided to send gifts to the Victoria nurses overseas this Christmas-tide.

*** Mrs. George Simpson has scored another notable success, with her wartime "Veterans' dance" at the Hippodrome last night, and it is probable that as the result of her undertaking there will be a very neat sum to place to the credit of the fund being reserved for the new clubrooms of the Great War Veterans' Association. The well-lighted hall was prettily decorated for the occasion with flags of the Allies, colored fans, and brilliant autumn foliage. Soldiers from Esquimal Convalescent Hospital and "Resthaven" were the guests of the evening, and were present in goodly number to share the pleasures of the evening. About 11 o'clock a delicious buffet supper was served in the anteroom, the tables being artistically arranged. In charge of the supper arrangements were a capable committee: Messdames Ball, Schwengens, Harvey, and Sidney Child, and Miss Thain and Miss Fawcett. An eight-piece orchestra under direction of Mr. Vinod provided the necessary music for the evening's pastime.

AT THE HOTELS

J. A. Campbell, of Montreal, is at the Dominion.

N. J. Porter, of Chelmsford, is at the Dominion Hotel.

Mrs. Slier, of Ladysmith, is stopping at the Dominion.

Capt. Frank Tyler, of Ucluelet, is at the Dominion Hotel.

H. A. Brooks, of Shuswapian Lake, is at the Dominion Hotel.

F. O. Dickinson, of San Francisco, is a guest at the Empress Hotel.

W. E. Short, of Montreal, arrived at the Empress Hotel yesterday.

R. E. Colwell, of Portland, Ore., is staying at the Strathcona Hotel.

Miss Dora Willan, of Winnipeg, is registered at the Empress Hotel.

Mrs. W. Ford is down from Coombs, V. I., and is at the Strathcona Hotel.

D. J. Proctor and S. W. Burns, of Toronto, are arrivals at the Empress Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Fairfield Horne, of Lethbridge, are staying at the Empress Hotel.

W. Drury is down from Whitehorse, Y. T., and is staying at the Dominion Hotel.

J. Fox, of the Windsor Hotel, Nanaimo, is a guest of the Dominion Hotel.

Local Society Postpones Annual Meeting Until Mrs. Plumtree Arrives.

Mrs. H. P. Plumtree, honorary secretary of the Red Cross Society at Toronto headquarters, is on her way west and will be in Victoria for two days next week. In view of her coming the executive of the Canadian Red Cross have decided to postpone the annual meeting of the local branch advertised to take place at the Empress Hotel on Thursday evening of this week. The executive here feel that there could be no better opportunity than the annual meeting for the members and workers to meet Mrs. Plumtree and enjoy an address from her about the work. With the additional attraction of Mrs. Plumtree's presence, the committee feel sure of a record turnout at the annual meeting, the date of which will be announced as soon as advice by wire is received of the date of arrival of the secretary of the parent organization.

RED CROSS WORKER

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IF FOOD DISAGREES DRINK HOT WATER

When food lies like lead in the stomach and you have that uncomfortable, tender feeling, it is because of insufficient blood supply to the stomach, combined with acid and food fermentation. In such cases try a plain diet followed in many instances and advised by many physicians of taking a teaspoonful of pure bisulphite of magnesia in half a glass of water, as hot as you can comfortably drink it. This will draw the acid from the stomach and the bisulphite of magnesia, as any physician can tell you, instantly neutralizes the acid and stops the fermentation. Try this simple diet and you will be astonished at the immediate feeling of relief and comfort that always follows the restoration of the normal process of digestion. People who have suffered from this disease for months and years will be amazed at the rapidity with which they are relieved.

Willie Solar, so-called International comedian, is the big laughing hit of the new programme of Pantages vaudeville, which opened with the matinee performance this afternoon. He has proved one of the funniest and like-wise most popular attractions that Mr. Alexander Pantages has lined up for his circuit for many months.

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THE REASON WHY.

The Lawyer—Who was that seductive party in black who winked at you?

The Doctor—Confounded undertaker fellow. He buried one of my patients last week. Passing Show.

PANTAGES VAUDEVILLE.

Vancouver arrivals at the Dominion Hotel include: F. F. Quinn, E. Evans, J. Shanahan, H. E. Garbourne, R. W. Chambers, A. L. Eaton, J. Warburton, C. Pitman and Mrs. Frith and family.

REMARKABLE RECORDS

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There was a man walking about London lately, over here on war service, who lives, when at home, in Vancouver. Business has brought him to London before, not once only, but fifty-one times. Reckoning the distance at 5,000 miles only, a mileage much under the actual, this gives over 500,000 miles travelled in these journeys alone.

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DISHONEST CONDUCT

Such is Term Applied by Magistrate Jay to Representations of Ethel Richards.

Magistrate Jay this morning styled Ethel Richards' conduct "dishonest," in allowing her out on suspended sentence. In summing up he pointed out that she was accused of obtaining money by false pretences with intent to defraud. She had secured the money, the evidence showed, by representing that she had money coming to her for scholastic teaching, which was not the case as she had severed her connection with the school in June, 1915, and by stating that she was proceeding to Chilliwack that day to renew her work, which was untrue as she had shown in her evidence. Therefore there had been misrepresentation.

In coming to the conclusion that there should be a conviction, he thought it was one in which leniency should be shown, and "I hope," he stated, "this will be a lesson to you, that you will be more careful in any representations you may make in future."

The Hilbert case was to have been finished to-day, but when the accused was called, the City Prosecutor rose and said he had been informed by telephone that the Attorney-General's Department was not yet ready to give a decision on the facts before it.

In remanding Mrs. Hilbert again till Friday, His Honor objected to the frequent adjournments and said he should finally decide with the charge on that date. He objected to keeping the woman in suspense indefinitely.

CITY NIGHT SCHOOLS

More Courses Began Last Evening; Measure of Support Inadequate Yet.

The Director of Night Schools states that the total registration for the city evening class will not be known till Thursday evening. Recognizing that there are not the men in the city to attend such a course as would be the case in normal times, he has had the curriculum specially arranged to appeal to young women who should be anxious to improve their education.

So far the result has been somewhat disappointing, still he hopes to see more registrations. If these do not take place, some of the classes will certainly not be started, for it is useless to begin courses with a few students who may dwindle away as the winter advances. Early registration will save the doubtful classes.

There was a good attendance last evening when the classes which are to be held on Tuesdays and Thursdays began. Among those favored were seamanship, the preliminary technical course, machine drawing, design, millinery and cooking. The director states that special attention is being given to dressmaking in this course. The director is looking for considerable interest to be shown in the pharmacy and chemistry classes.

The first aid and home nursing course will not begin yet. The first lesson in first aid is to be given on October 11, and the first one in home nursing on October 15.

The WEATHER

Daily Bulletin Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Oct. 3—5 a. m.—The barometer is abnormally high over this province and fair, mild weather general on the Pacific slope. More rain has fallen on Vancouver Island, the Lower Mainland and in Kootenay. Fair, mild weather prevails in the prairie provinces.

For 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Thursday: Victoria and vicinity—Easterly and southerly winds, partly cloudy, and mild. Lower Mainland—Easterly and southerly winds, partly cloudy, and mild, with fog.

Kamloops—Barometer, 30.04; temperature, maximum yesterday, 68; minimum, 55; wind, 16 miles S. weather, cloudy.

Vancouver—Barometer, 30.22; temperature, maximum yesterday, 68; minimum, 58; wind, 4 miles E.; rain, .64; weather, cloudy.

Tattoo—Barometer, 30.38; temperature, maximum yesterday, 58; minimum, 56; wind, 22 miles S.; rain, .92; weather, raining.

Portland, Ore.—Barometer, 30.38; temperature, maximum yesterday, 74; minimum, 56; wind, 4 miles N.; weather, cloudy.

Seattle—Barometer, 30.40; temperature, maximum yesterday, 76; minimum, 62; wind, 8 miles S.; weather, raining.

San Francisco—Barometer, 30.46; temperature, maximum yesterday, 82; minimum, 62; wind, 4 miles N.; weather, clear.

Nelson—Temperature, maximum yesterday, 59; rain, .83.

Temperature.

Max. Min.

Nanaimo (Entrance Is.) 60

Port McNeill 62

Ocean Park 69

Penticton 68

728 YATES
STREET
Phone 3983*Scurrah's*Correct Hats
and Garments
for Women
LTD.

Introducing the Newest Modes in Winter Suits



Fascinating styles from the premier designers of the East. In their fashioning La Mode has shown a decided preference for soft, velvety materials and trimmings of rich, lustrous fur.

Velours, serge, broadcloth and Bolivia are considered the modish fabrics, while taupe, Bordeaux, Java, beetroot, greens, browns and navy are numbered among the fashionable shades.

The style tendencies are towards the slender silhouette shoulders, sleeves and skirts are narrower, coats are considerably longer, reaching to a point a few inches above the knee. Our price marking has been done with a view to allowing the utmost economy and value. Selections are excellent at from

\$25 to \$75

DENOUNCES SCEPTICS AND HIGHER CRITICS

Dr. Oliver Issues Challenge to Men Whom He Calls Theological Reprobates

"You might just as well try to cure cancer with a feather duster as try to save men through a soup-kitchen. You can use your social service methods and fill a man up with soup until he blows up like a fire-cracker, but it will not save him!"

So declared Dr. E. French Oliver in the course of his address at the Tabernacle last night. The big auditorium was a little more than half filled with people. The evangelist's subject was Prayer, based on the text: "The effectual prayer of a righteous man availeth much." Little in the way of modern invention was not credited to prayer. Prayer had brought all the wonders of quick transportation, quick communication, even of quick needle-work. The steam-engine, the telephone, the wireless telegraph, even the sewing-machine were sent in answer to prayer, the cry of centuries. The prayer was not all good apparently, in Dr. Oliver's eyes, for while admitting the inventions as "conveniences," he affirmed that the world had not been improved in a moral or spiritual sense.

German Gas.

"I wonder if the gas that the cultured Germans have used in this war has helped Germany to sublimate heights?" he queried, not stating whether "gas" was not also an answer to prayer, "that highest of spiritual and mortal forces."

"We find a lot of the finest brains of the world devoted to methods of destruction instead of methods of construction. Do these things indicate development or a retrograde movement?"

Prayer, the universal language, eliminating the spiritual element altogether, was the best philosophy and highest spiritual and moral force to be found in the affairs of men. Merely as an intellectual and moral appliance, it led all others. Any idea that tended to make a man symmetrical and whole-hearted was good. "As a man thinketh, so is he," quoted the doctor. Twenty or thirty minutes daily concentrating the mind on prayer and pure thoughts, would come to reflect at first conscious attitude in his sub-conscious mind.

The man who says there is nothing in prayer is a fool-osopher and not a philosopher," summed up the speaker.

Nature's Prayer.

Even in Nature prayer was answered, he affirmed. It was an universal language. Fields planted in good faith by the farmer would flourish for a time. Then the sun would enter into compact with the hot winds. Vegetation became blighted and blistered. All nature would drop and languish, crying out mutely while perishing for water. The prayer was heard. The great storm clouds mounted the heavens, the rain descended. Rejuvenation came to the plant-life of the fields. Nature's prayer for moisture was answered in this particular instance.

"The idea that some of the scholars and men of science of this day and generation have all knowledge in their possession while the scholars of one hundred or three hundred years ago were ignoramuses is a pretense that will not bear investigation. There is nothing better to-day than there was hundreds of years ago," reported the speaker. But he was apparently grateful that medicine had made great strides of recent years. In answer to prayer, the cry of the world for help against the scourge of contagious disease, diphtheria, scarlet fever, smallpox, had come the discovery by a Paris physician of the principle of inoculation. Yellow fever, the scourge of the Panama country, had now been mastered by the suppression of the mosquito. The mortality figures for that district would now compare favor-

WON THE BET.

"Well, old man," said Smith to Brown, as they sat at breakfast in the hotel, "you've lost that bet."

" Didn't you bet me a guinea last night that we'd see a gale from the north this morning?"

"Yes."

"It's turned out a beautiful day, with a soft, warm wind from the south, and yet you say you haven't lost your bet."

"That is so."

"Why not?"

"Do you see that man coming up the steps of the hotel? That's my friend McCluskie, from Inverness."

"What's that got to do with it?"

"Well, I've won the bet, for he's a Gal from the North!"

Then there was a storm of another kind.—Tit-Bits.

Color Competition Awards

The awards for last week in The Times' Children's Color Competition are as follows:
1st Prize of \$10 in cash, Maple Winterburn, age 13 years, 438 Dallas Road.
2nd Prize of \$5.00 in cash, Laura Wilby, aged 10 years, 1153 Yates Street.
Consolation Prizes of \$1.00 each: Douglas Hunter, age 10, 1605 Fowl Bay Road, and W. Ernest Drummond, age 10, 2560 Orchard Avenue, Oak Bay.

GRAND TRUNK PARTY ARRIVES IN CITY

The New President, Howard G. Kelly, Here for First Time

HIGHER RATES NECESSARY SAYS CHAIRMAN SMITHERS

After a delightful journey over the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway to Prince Rupert, and down the coast from the northern metropolis, a distinguished party of G. T. P. officials, headed by A. W. Smithers, chairman of the Board of Directors, arrived this morning in Victoria. Besides Mr. Smithers there were in the party southbound H. Derr, assistant secretary of the system; London, Eng.; Howard G. Kelley, newly-appointed president of the system; Mrs. Kelley, W. M. Molson Macpherson, director of the G. T. P. and also president of the Molson's Bank; Frederick Scott, vice-president in charge of traffic of the G. T. P.; Mrs. Scott, J. E.

Population Needed. Mr. Smithers said the great need of Canada was increased population and increased capital. The increased population would depend on the credit of the country, and anything which brought the railways into discredit, would immensely increase the task of maintaining Canadian credit.

Mr. Smithers has been connected with the Grand Trunk for 21 years.

dangerous boast. It is a very dangerous boast for any man to make to claim that in that little door-knob at the top of his spine he holds all the knowledge of the universe," warned Dr. Oliver at another point. He plunged from this comment to a claim that rapid transportation methods had come about due to the century-old cry of the world which had lumbered along painfully behind the ox-cart and the mule-wagon.

Congregation Applauded.

His congregation applauded when he referred to the fleet air service as it had been developed in answer to prayer in the present war. "We shall yet see our splendid Yankee boys carrying the Stars and Stripes over the German lines as an answer to prayer," he affirmed. He used the wireless telegraph as an analogy for prayer. "The effectual fervent prayer of a righteous man availeth much," he repeated. "If you want to get into touch with God through prayer you must get God's altitude as the receiver and dispatcher instruments must be the same altitude in wireless. The man who lives in vice immorality and boasts of his infidelity and sinfulness is too low down to get into touch with God."

He has more respect for the red-nosed drunkard than for the polished college professor who is a sceptic. The man in the theological cemetery—the deepest place I know—who picks the Book-to-pieces, has come foul of something in the old Bible that tells him how rotten he is. He reviles the Book in self-denial.

Stands With Gladstone.

"I reckon Gladstone had as much brain capacity as any university professor sceptic England ever produced. I will take my stand with Gladstone when he speaks of Holy Scripture as 'that impregnable rock.' And I challenge any theological reprobate who claims believers old fogeys.

You talk about the people who were wicked enough to spit in the face of Jesus. There are people in Victoria who are doing worse than that to-day. The lowest down sort of slacker side of perdition is the miserable reprobate who tears the Bible to pieces. He has not backbone enough to take the gibes and laughter of his age and stand by what he knows to be the Truth."

Some men say religion is a good thing for women and children. Not long ago I gave an address to 1,100 men in a federal prison in the States. There was not a woman there. The women and children had the sense to go to church. These men didn't—and woke up in prison."

Four Surrenders.

The choir chanted while Dr. Oliver called for "surrender." Four during this latter part of the service yielded to his persuasions, and were welcomed with a handshake when they reached the pulpit.

WON THE BET.

The choir chanted while Dr. Oliver called for "surrender." Four during this latter part of the service yielded to his persuasions, and were welcomed with a handshake when they reached the pulpit.

TRADES AND LABOR IN NEW QUARTERS

Knights of Pythias Hall Leased for Year With Option to Extend

Dating from October 1 the Trades and Labor Council of Victoria became lessees from the Victoria Pythian Castle Hall Co., Limited, of the well-known building on North Park Street, known as the K. of P. Hall.

While the ownership remains the same, it is quite probable that the new quarters will house the Trades and Labor Council with its many subsidiary locals permanently, since the year's lease now negotiated provides for the option of continued tenancy from year to year.

The building and furniture complete has been leased as a going concern, and in future rentals will have to be arranged with the new tenants, who naturally will require to make the venture a paying concern.

For a number of months past it has been felt by the labor men that the accommodation in the De Cosmo Block was totally insufficient for the needs of the organization, and the present move is the outcome of negotiations for new quarters carried on for some time past.

Kelley's First Visit.

Although most of them had visited the coast before, it was the first trip



A. W. SMITHERS
Chairman of Board of Directors of G. T. P.

this far west taken by Mr. Kelley, the new president, and he expressed delight with the magnificent scenery along the railway and the trip south by steamer.

Mr. Smithers was here a little more than four years ago. Regarding general conditions in Canada, he said the position is one of great material prosperity brought about in part by the satisfactory crops, but still more by

ONE HUNDRED YEARS IN A VILLAGE.

Mr. Thomas Weeks, of Tiechurst, a little village on the borders of Kent and Sussex, recently celebrated his hundredth birthday. He is straight and strong, and strides across the village square daily to his ten-ton allotment, where he requires no help.

He has lived in the village all his life, and in his present cottage fifty-seven years. Starting work at the age of seven, he was never at school, and can neither read nor write. But he has learned much in his long and active life, and has a bright and ready memory, especially for dates.

When he was bringing up his family

Food Economy—?

If you are observing the meatless days in your home our suggestion that you serve our Melton Mowbray Pie in place of the usual expensive meat course will be quite in order.

Call to-day and buy a pound or two. Let it be in the nature of a trial order. We know you'll be satisfied and come again. Per lb.

30c

The Yorkshire Bakery
640 Yates St. Phone 1929



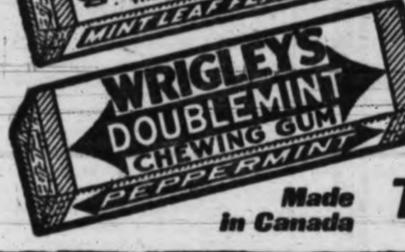
He'll Be Happy When He Gets This

Whether "Jim" is on a man-of-war or in a trench, he's going to have long-lasting enjoyment and a lot of benefit from

WRIGLEY'S

The Famous Chewing Gum

Chew It after every meal



Made in Canada

The Flavour Lasts

11

PUT WRIGLEY'S IN YOUR FIGHTER'S CHRISTMAS BOX

It costs little but gives a lot of comfort and refreshment. Not only a long-lasting confection but a nerve steader, a thirst quencher, a pick-me-up. Every Christmas parcel should contain some Wrigley's Gum.

NUMBER 1104

DATE October, 1916

A.B.C.

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Louis Bouché
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H. L. Rogers

General Director
Secretary
Treasurer

SUBSCRIBE

to the

VICTORIA PATRIOTIC FUND

he earned only 13s. 6d. a week, but the children went gleanings, and he threshed the corn they got and took it to the miller. The home-baked loaves from this flour were, he says, the best bread he has eaten. From all his employers he got abundance of food and plenty of what he calls "glorious home-brewed beer."

"Every night my last thought is of our brave boys at the front," he tells everybody, and he hopes he will see the end of the war, and as grand a victory as Waterloo, for the celebration of which he was born too late, though he remembers many friends who fought in that battle.—Tit-Bits.

"MOVING AWAY," SAYS ACCUSED TO POLICE

When Provincial Constable Finds Him With Load of Household Goods

Mr. Justice Gregory decided yesterday afternoon to allow separate trials in the case of the Crown vs. Antipas and Leibnich, the latter case to be taken first. A. F. Leibnich was then charged and pleaded "not guilty." The articles alleged to have been stolen from a dwelling-house near Malahat Station, occupied by G. F. Pethick, included a rifle, blankets, quilt, china, a checker-board and various other articles, all of which were produced in court by Colin Campbell, superintendent of provincial police. J. S. Brandon represented accused.

The petty jury sworn in consisted of W. B. Wilson, J. A. Bentley, A. H. Ross, G. N. Hodgson, John Fisher, Harry Upward, J. A. Laity, Alfred Schroeder, H. F. Hewlett, W. F. Vann, S. Caldwell, with C. Nickerson as foreman.

H. A. MacLean, K. C., explained that owing to Mr. Pethick being away at the war, his house was empty. Accused, in company with Antipas, was seen nearby, by Rockman, section foreman, who became suspicious, followed, and coming up with them, found them in possession of the articles now produced in court.

Moving to Ladysmith.

Provincial Police Constable D. McDonald testified to finding accused and Antipas on the road with the articles in question. After he arrested the men, accused said the goods were his property and that he got them in Victoria.

H. D. Mainwaring, also of the provincial police, added that accused explained that he was "moving up to Ladysmith," and that the articles were from his house in Victoria. When wit-

ness afterwards went to Pethick's house the window appeared to have been forced, and he found articles there exactly similar to those taken from Leibnich.

Testimony from Mrs. Russell was to the effect that she saw accused and a smaller man at Pethick's house. They said they were junk men, and were resting until midnight. She had no suspicion, then, that they were robbing the place, although articles were piled up on the floor.

Rockman, the section foreman, who found accused and his companion engaged, alongside Pethick's house, in the pleasant task, while "resting on their journey" of gathering ripe strawberries, gave evidence identifying articles he had previously seen through the window of Pethick's house with those in court. He did not agree, as J. S. Brandon, on account of his client, suggested, that it was likely accused had bought the articles from Pethick.

Came From "Old Home."

Mr. Tyndall, another witness, identified, by certain patches, a portiere as having been in Pethick's house, also, by a torn part, a pair of "slackers," and the checker-board, by reason of its defect, he had used to play with a button, to make up the number. Mrs. Moore also identified the curtains, as did Mrs. Napier, Mrs. Pethick's sister-in-law, who knew them well when they hung in the "old home" in Scotland; likewise other articles, from the same reason.

At the request of J. S. Brandon, Mr. Justice Gregory, who stated that some of the articles had been positively identified, then adjourned the court until this morning, and allowed the jury to go to their homes.

Find True Bill.

During the afternoon the grand jury returned a true bill in the case of Rex vs. Tierney, and were discharged.

THE OLD SLOGAN BOBS UP.

"I don't see what he saw in her to marry."

"Don't you understand? She kept him out of war."

ONE WAY TO GET ALONG.

"They seem very devoted to each other."

"Yes. Indeed. She doesn't try to tell him how to play golf, and he admits that she knows more about bridge than he does."

Flour vs. Meat.

"If the Government stops the killing of young stock—calves, lambs, and young pork—the effect will be felt in the consumption of cereals in feeding them. Hitherto the public has been able to buy what it liked in the way of foodstuffs, and it will take a long time to convince people that a greater value may be obtained from unequal amount of cereals taken in that form than in meat raised on those cereals. In the interests of the food of the Allies it is better to use the cereals in flour than in concentrates for stock. If it were possible for the Controller to know exactly when the war would end, it would be possible to regulate the exact quantity of cereals which might be used for fattening but that is impossible, and meanwhile it is best to strike something of a margin."

In Great Britain at first the Government stopped the slaughter of young stock, but had to modify the regulations when it was found how large a quantity of grain was required to fatten to maturity. If unlimited slaughtering is encouraged there will not be enough young stock coming on. It is impossible to divorce the question of meat supply from the available supply of grain. One rule cannot be enforced without affecting other industries. If the rules fluctuate too much farmers are discouraged from producing.

Prices to Consumers.

"That brings up the question of prices. If the public thought for a moment people would realize that the farmer is only just beginning now to make a living and high prices are only commencing to enable him to pay off liabilities. He must have some encouragement to produce and not be discouraged."

"What about the townsmen on a fixed salary who can only just make ends meet?" queried The Times representative.

"I am sorry for him, but I do not see how the farmer is to be held responsible. He must sell his produce in the best market."

"The soldiers must have meat, and the Canadian public will have to get used to using more cereals in place of meat in order to free it for their use."

POINTS OUT PROBLEMS IN FOOD REGULATION

Professor G. E. Day of Ontario Agricultural College is Here on Visit

That there is a great deal of popular misconception with regard to food conservation and prices of primary produce is the opinion given to The Times by Professor G. E. Day, of the Chair of Animal Husbandry at Guelph Agricultural College, who is in the city to-day.

Mr. Day, who is in the city to meet officials of the Department of Agriculture with regard to data on the live stock industry in British Columbia, says that the public in Canada are somewhat impatient of the delays in fixing food prices and classes of commodities to be raised, while the Food Controller is seeking to devise regulations which will avoid the mistakes made in Great Britain in the regulating of food stuffs and stock.

Two Points of View.

"Take the case of killing off young stock, as compared with its preservation for adult growth. A hasty opinion is formed," he says, "that the farmer is committing a crime who slaughters his calves. As a matter of fact it has to be considered whether it is better to kill them off young than to use the cereals which they would eat in bringing them up to maturity. Many of the calves are from dairy stock, and formerly would not have reached the market at all. Now they are raised to an age when they can be sold for food."

Flour vs. Meat.

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PRIZE FOR BEST

Manager of Montreal Theatre Offers \$500 and Share of Receipts

With a view to the encouragement of Canadian drama and in order to afford Canadians who possess a gift for play writing an opportunity to make known their work and produce a really great Canadian play, George F. Driscoll, of the firm of Edwards & Driscoll, Limited, managers and lessors of His Majesty's Theatre, Montreal, has decided to offer a prize of \$500 and 2 1/2 per cent of the gross receipts for the best play written under the following conditions, also a consolation prize of \$100 for the next best play, and 2 1/3 per cent of the gross receipts.

1. All intending competitors must address to Mr. Driscoll, His Majesty's Theatre, Montreal, a stamped addressed envelope for the conditions of the contest which they must return signed and witnessed when they submit play or plays for reading.

2. Six hundred dollars has been deposited in the Bank of Toronto, St. Catherine & Guy St. Branch, Montreal, in a trust account in Mr. Driscoll's name for the purpose of prize payments.

3. The contest shall be open to any Canadian citizen or British subject resident in Canada, of either sex, without restriction as to age or profession.

4. The contest is now open and will close on May 30, 1918. Manuscripts will be accepted up until midnight, May 30, 1918, at Mr. Driscoll's office in theatre.

5. Every play submitted will be read by competent dramatic critics, none of whom will be aware of the identity of the author of any play so read.

6. Competitors wishing to submit plays must send them in every instance by registered mail direct to George F. Driscoll, His Majesty's Theatre, Montreal.

7. Each play submitted must be accompanied by a cheque or money order for \$12. Ten dollars of which will be turned over to the play reader appointed for the district in which the competition resides, the remaining \$2 to cover cost of mailing, etc, etc.

8. One play reader will be appointed for Quebec and the Maritime provinces, another for Ontario, a third for Manitoba and Alberta, and a fourth for Saskatchewan, British Columbia and the Northwest Territories.

9. The plays submitted will be judged by them, but not necessarily will the plays of any particular district be submitted to the play reader of the district in which the author resides. Of the plays submitted in each district the play reader will forward to Mr. Driscoll five plays judged by him to be the best submitted with annotation of the marks awarded. The plays so selected by the district play reader will in turn be read by Mr. Driscoll, together with two recognized authorities on the drama for final decision of choice from the 20 plays found worthy of consideration by district readers.

10. Marks will be awarded as follows: General construction, 25 per cent; suitability for stage production, 26 per cent; human interest, 50 per cent.

11. The play or plays selected will be produced by Mr. Driscoll and sent on tour. The prize winning play will be the first production at His Majesty's Theatre around August, 1918, and will afterwards be sent on tour.

12. The result of the competition will be announced as soon after the close as possible.

It is important that prospective competitors send to Mr. Driscoll, enclosing stamped addressed envelope, for the form of contract and conditions before submitting manuscripts. It is also important for intending competitors, or those having the slightest desire to enter the competition, to keep in mind the fact that some of the greatest dramatic successes have been the work of

authors unheard of before, and who had little or no experience on technique, but had an idea of unusual interest for a theme. Notable instances of prize plays are: "Within the Law," "Bird of Paradise," "Common Clay" and others.

MISSIONARIES BACK FROM THE ORIENT

Catholics Make Good Progress in China; Religious Work in Japan

T. E. Leigh

What We Have Here Advertised is Not All We Have on Sale—Come in and See

IRISH LINEN STORES BIG FALL SALE

of Best Quality Goods From the British Markets. We Offer You These at LOW SALE PRICES—Why? Because We Need the Money. Your Opportunity is Now. Buy While Prices Are Low

SALE NOW IN FULL SWING—READ THIS AND COME TO-MORROW

DOLLAR SPECIALS

Hemmed Pillow Cases, very spec... Sale, 5 for ... \$1.00	Fine Hemstitched Pillow Cases, exce... ptional value, Sale, pair \$1.00 and ... \$1.00
Fine English Madapolam, 36 ins. wide, Sale, 5 yds. for ... \$1.00	White Turkish Face Towels, good quality, Sale, pair, 50c, 65c, and ... \$5c
Best Quality Circular Pillow Cotton, Sale, 3 yds. for ... \$1.00	Large White Turkish Bath Towels on Sale, pair, \$1.00, \$1.50 and ... \$2.50
Fine White Nainsook, 36 ins. wide, Sale, 4 and 5 yds. for ... \$1.00	Fine Assortment Large Size Col. Print Bedspreads, to clear at ... \$3.50
White Canton Flannel, 26 ins. wide, Sale, 5 yds. for ... \$1.00	English Longcloth, 36 ins. wide, everlasting wear, Sale, 4 yds. for ... \$1.00
Blue Stripe Apron Gingham, 36 and 40 ins. wide, Sale, 4 yds. for ... \$1.00	White Linen Hemstitched Guest Towels, regular \$1.00, Sale, pair, for ... \$1.35
White Indian Head, 36 ins. wide, 4 and 5 yds. for ... \$1.00	Bleached White Damask Table Cloth, all sizes, good value, Sale, each, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00 and ... \$2.50
Strong Col. Turkish Roller Toweling, Sale, 5 yds. for ... \$1.00	Unbleached Table Damask, 60 ins. wide, Sale, yard 75c and ... 90c
Linen Glass Check Tea Toweling, Sale, 18 and 20 yds. for ... \$1.00	White Nottingham Lace Curtains, double borders, Sale, pair \$1.50 and ... \$1.25
Rennants of Fine White Linen, 36 ins. wide, Sale, 2 yds. for ... \$1.00	Strong Bleached Table Napkins, Medium and large size, Sale, dozen, \$2.00 and ... \$2.50
Strong Hemstitched Pillow Cases, special value, Sale, 3 for ... \$1.00	Bleached Table Damask, large variety, 58, 60, and 72 ins. wide, Sale, yard 75c, 75c and ... 90c
White Turkish Towels, size 21x42 ins., Sale, 3 for ... \$1.00	Large Size White Marcella Bedspreads, fine selection, low prices, Sale, each, \$3.50, \$4.25 and ... \$4.50
Kitchen Face or Tea Towels, size 20x40 ins., Sale, 6 for ... \$1.00	English Down Comforters, covered satin and all satin, special value, Sale, each, \$17.50, \$22.50, \$25.50 and ... \$28.50
White Crepe, 30 ins. wide, Sale, 5 yds. for ... \$1.00	Irish Linen Damask Table Sets, cloths with napkins to match, Sale, set, \$6.50, \$7.50 and ... \$10.50
Irish Linen Strong Roller Toweling, Sale, 4 yds. for ... \$1.00	
Large Size Linen Check Tea Towels, all hemmed, Sale, 5 for ... \$1.00	
Horrockses' Superior White Flanellite, 36 ins. wide, Sale, 4 yds. for ... \$1.00	

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IRISH LINEN STORES

1016 Government Street

"The House Behind the Goods"

"Blended Quality"

55¢ Per Pound At All Grocers



SAVE COUPONS FOR PREMIUMS

Honor delivers the goods—dishonor is caught with them.

THE KAISER HARD HIT.

Few private individuals have been harder hit financially by the war than the Kaiser. For him it has been bad business. He went to corner the market of the world and it has cornered him. He has bitten off more than he can chew.

The trouble is that for years he has invested all his money in commercial enterprises, mostly in the Fatherland, but also in America. He had vast interests in steam navigation and his dividends from the great Atlantic liners which used to be the pride of Hamburg were very satisfactory.

Since August, 1914, they have been nil.

Then he has huge sums sunk in

command to Col. Baker, M.P., who

was afterwards killed in action.

On the death of Col. Baker took com-

mand of the battalion, and has been in

charge ever since. He obtained his

first military experience with the

Victoria Rifles, later joining the 13th Scot-

New Styles

In Dorothy Dodd fine Boots just received. Also Geo. A. Slater's Men's and Ladies' Boots. We have some specials selling at greatly reduced prices. See centre window for bargains.

Maynard's Shoe Store

Tel. 1232. 649 Yates St.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Baby Buggy Tires put on to stay at the Lawn Mower Hospital, 614 Cormorant.

Waterproofed Tweed Overcoats, new process, soft and pliable. J. N. Harvey, Ltd., Yates St.

Your Xmas Photos for the Trenches. Several styles, finished in "sepia," reduced from \$8.00 to \$5.00 per dozen for October only, at the Skene Lowe Studio, 654 Yates St., cor. Douglas. Sit early in the month.

Get Your Hyacinth Glasses Now, 36c and 35c, at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 1302 Douglas Street.

DRY FIR CORDWOOD \$6.75 PER CORD

Cheaper and Cleaner Than Coal.

Our Wood is ABSOLUTELY DRY and is worth considerably more than the GREEN WOOD, much of which is now being offered on the market.

Lloyd-Young & Russell
1012 Broad Street
PHONE 4532

Just arrived from Great Britain

Fall Suitings

I have been fortunate in securing many new patterns.

I still have a good range of the Old Dye Indigo Serges.

Linklater
TAILOR
1120 Broad St.

Ferris's Furniture Bargains

Eight roomed house of furniture for \$250. house must be rented to secure furniture; also 5 roomed house of furniture at Oak Bay, house can be rented at \$10 per month. For particulars apply Ferris's Furniture Store.

1419 Douglas St. Phone 1879

Victoria Wood Co.

STOVE LENGTHS, cord \$6.50
KINDLING 8 bundles \$1.00

809 Johnson St. Phone 2274

Your Schedule

Arrange it so as to take regular exercise at the

Y.M.C.A.

through the fall and winter months

GRADED CLASSES

In Hygienic, Educative, Corrective and Recreational

Gymnastics and Games

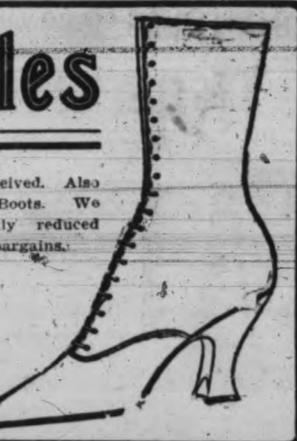
Boys, Young Men and Maturer Men are conducted by an able and experienced Physical Director

Sept. 20 to May 1.

The equipment is first class.

The fees are low.

INVESTIGATE! INVEST!



L. O. L. Grand Masquerade Ball, Tuesday evening, October 30, 1917.

Meaning of Revival.—Dr. Oliver will speak to-night at the tabernacle on "The Meaning of a Revival."

New Pastor.—Rev. Thomas S. Baynes, new pastor of St. Columba Church, will be inducted in his charge on Tuesday, the 3rd October at 3 p.m.

The Slip-On Overcoat, loose, easy fitting garments of medium length; the ideal garment for our climate, \$16.50, \$18, \$20 to \$30. J. N. Harvey, Ltd., 614 Yates St.

Pinch-Back Overcoats, new for fall. Fine assortment. J. N. Harvey, Ltd., Yates St.

Furnaces Installed—Watson & McGregor, Ltd., phone No. 745.

Use an O'Cedar Mop—it saves labor, 75c to \$1.50. R. A. Brown & Co.

Wipe Your Feet on one of our coco fibre door mats. They wipe dry; they last long, \$1 and \$1.25. R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas St.

Anti-Combine Fire Insurance: 7 old established companies, Duck & Johnson, 615 Johnson.

The "Overcoat Shop" is the natural place to buy your new overgarment. Every new style. J. N. Harvey, Ltd., Yates St.

St. John Ambulance Ladies' Classes

Names will be received by Mrs. Wallace Crimie, telephone 5692, for the following classes: First Aid to the Injured, Home Nursing, Home Hygiene, St. John Ambulance Brigade.

Candy Wanted.—Candy for the boys at the front is coming in very slowly. The boys are not weary of fighting for their country and those at home must not tire working for them. Last year the response was splendid, but the need is far greater now. If anyone in Victoria sent a tin what a good supply there would be.

Heaton's Orchestra—Buffet supper and Foster's Komical cut-ups, at L. O. L. Grand Masquerade Ball, October 30, at Hippodrome.

For Madam's Eye

In this limited space it is impossible to tell the full story of our values in Winter Underwear.

A visit of inspection is invited.

In the combination style alone our showing is very extensive. You can choose either knee or ankle length styles; styles with long, elbow or short sleeves; styles with high, square or Dutch neck. We can suit you, too, in weight, quality and price. Values are splendid at from \$1.00 to \$4.75.

G.A. Richardson & Co.

Victoria House, 636 Yates St.

25 Acres Saanich Improved

Land all cleared and cultivated,

300 to 400 fruit trees, strawberries, etc.; good 7-room house, barn, chicken houses, etc. Located close to station and on good motor road.

PRICE

\$12,500

Terms to arrange.

Currie & Power

1214 Douglas St. Phone 1466

"If you get it at PLIMLEY'S it's all right."

News for Motorists From Plimley's Accessory Dept.

We are now pleased to announce that we have in stock a very complete line of the Northwestern Chemical Co.'s Specialties, every article of which has proved by actual service to be meritorious and worthy of your patronage. Here are a few prices:

Graphite Coating—Rust preventive for upholstery to a marked degree. Price 75¢

Cementol—The original self-acting radiator cement. Per pint 55¢

Thermite—The chemically correct anti-freeze. Per gallon 60¢

AUTOS 227-735 Thomas Plimley CYCLES 611

Johnson St., Phone 637

Phone 693 View 3t

GREAT WAR VETERANS

TO MEET EXECUTIVE

Many Matters Will Be Taken Up With Members of the Cabinet

At the meeting of the local branch of the Great War Veterans' Association held in the large room of the Belmont Block last night Comrade Douglas Campbell drew the attention of the members to the fact that as yet there had not been sufficient attention devoted to a land scheme for British Columbia returned soldiers.

President Duggan told the meeting that Premier Brewster had been written to by the Provincial Secretary of the G. W. V. A. and that an answer was expected any day fixing the date of an appointment for six members of the Cabinet.

To Talk Over Situation.—Fire Chief Davis this morning had a conference with several sawmill proprietors with regard to the enforcement of the Cinder Nuisance By-law, which is now postponed till November 1.

Address by Mr. Pauline.—A public meeting will be held in Cane's Hall, Marigold, Garden City to-morrow evening, commencing at 8 o'clock, when F. A. Pauline, M. P. P. will give an address on his trip to France and England.

Feast of St. Francis.—The Feast of the Sraph of Assisi, October 4, will be celebrated with due solemnity by his children, the Poor Clare Nuns at the Willows. High Mass will be sung at 8 a.m. m. followed by Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament. The Tertiary members and all Benefactors and friends of the Poor Clare Nuns are cordially invited.

Accident at Cameron Mill.—Late yesterday afternoon the police ambulance took May Why, a Chinaman, from the Cameron Mill to St. Joseph's Hospital, suffering from a fracture of the right thigh bone, and a crushed hand, due to a load of wood rolling over him when he was driving it across the yard. First aid was rendered by the police, and later Dr. Fraser attended the injured man.

in Legislative Halls.—The weekly luncheon of the Rotary Club will be held to-morrow in the members' room of the Parliament Buildings by invitation of Hon. John Hart, Minister of Finance. After a short address by the host, adjournment will be made to the Connaught Library, where Mr. E. O. S. Scholefield, Provincial Librarian, will take the club through the Northwest Archives, to which he will give an address on "Books." In the reading room a display of works of reference useful to the progressive business man will be made with the object of demonstrating the value of the library in that connection.

September Fire Loss.—The fire loss for the month of September was very small, only \$96 on buildings, and \$135 on contents, there being 33 alarms sent in to the Department. The property at risk was valued at \$339,150, and the insurance carried thereon in buildings and contents \$43,700. The Department laid 3,750 feet of two and a half-inch hose, and 1,150 feet of one-inch hose, used 200 gallons of chemicals and four tubes of pyrene, raised 37 feet of ladders, traveled 148 miles, and worked 12 hours and 25 minutes. Two gasoline tank permits were issued, 11 fire prevention notices were served. There were 348 buildings inspected by the fire prevention squad.

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Train will leave B. C. Electric Interurban Station, Douglas Street, at 9 a.m., and on return trip will leave Rife Range at 5 p.m.

Competitors and marksmen will make their own lunching arrangements.

Captain A. Mulcahy, R. C. A., has kindly consented to act as range officer. Shooting will commence at 10 a.m.

Conditions.

Teams will consist of eight members.

No demobilized member of any unit to be on team of his unit. Each team will use two targets. Ranges: 200,

600, 800, 900 and 1,000 yards; 7 shots at each range and 2 sightings.

Regulations.

The competitors will be given the option of converting both, or second sighters, into a counting shot, by declaring to the register keeper, before his first shot on score is fired, that he elects to convert.

Competitors must, when at the firing point, comply with all orders of the range officer.

Any rifle or sight of military pattern may be used.

Ammunition used must be of Mark VII pattern, each team to supply its own.

Competitors must attend in uniform, but while on the range may wear clothes not of military pattern.

Targets will be drawn for.

Each unit will supply 1 N. C. O. and 4 markers for butts, and 2 register keepers.

N. C. O.'s, if possible.

PUBLIC MARKET

Thanksgiving specialties in poultry proved the chief attraction to buyers at the market this morning. A number of orders were booked for Saturday delivery. Prices were as follows:

Fruit—Strawberries, 2 boxes, 45¢; strawberries, large basket, 40¢; plums, 3¢; prunes, 1b., 4¢; apples, 8 and 12 lbs., 25¢; crab apples, 8 and 10 lbs., 25¢; Bartlett pears, 8 lbs., 25¢; pears, 12 lbs., 25¢; grapes, basket, 30¢.

Dairy produce—Eggs, per dozen, 60¢ to 65¢; butter, per lb., 50¢ to 55¢; cream, cheese, packet, 20¢; gondas, cheese, per lb., 40¢.

Vegetables—Potatoes, per sack, \$2; potatoes, 11 and 12 lbs., 25¢; ripe tomatoes, 6 lbs., 25¢; green tomatoes, 10 lbs., 25¢; cauliflower, each, from 5¢; marrow, each from 5¢; celery, 3 for 10¢; lettuce, 2 for 5¢; pumpkin, from 5¢; corn, per dozen, 25¢ and 30¢; onions, 10 lbs., 25¢; carrots, 2 bunches, 5¢; beets, bunch, 5¢; lucullus, bunch, 10¢; kohlrabi, bunch, 10¢; mint, sage, parsley, thyme, bunch, 5¢.

Meat—Lamb, per lb., 20¢ to 23¢; mutton, per lb., 15¢ to 23¢; veal, per lb., 20¢ to 30¢; beef, per lb., 15¢ to 25¢; pork, per lb., 22¢ to 30¢; chickens, from, 1b., 30¢; fowl, from lb., 25¢; duck, from lb., 20¢; rabbits, from lb., 22¢.

Fish—Salmon, lb., 12½¢ to 15¢; black cod, lb., 12½¢; crabs, each, 10¢ to 12½¢; halibut, each 15¢ to 17½¢; shrimps, each, 20¢; smelts, lb., 12½¢; smoked cod, lb., 17½¢; smoked hake, 2 lbs., 25¢; bloater, 10¢; kippers, 12½¢.

Agreement Ready for Councils' Approval

AGREEMENT READY FOR COUNCILS' APPROVAL

Arrangement Between City and Saanich for Joint Control of Parks Prepared

In order to give statutory effect to the arrangements between the Victoria and Saanich Councils under which the Victoria-Saanich Beaches and Parks Committee exists, a by-law has now been finally drafted for submission to the two councils. This is in keeping with the amendment of the statute passed at the Spring session of the Legislature.

President Duggan told the meeting that Premier Brewster had been written to by the Provincial Secretary of the G. W. V. A. and that an answer was expected any day fixing the date of an appointment for six members of the Cabinet.

The City Solicitor and H. B. Robertson, Solicitor for the Saanich Municipality, went over it in detail with Mayor Todd yesterday, and the final draft is now ready for presentation to the two authorities.

To Save Time.

The object is to avoid the reference back of all the acts of the Joint Committee to the various councils for ratification. The passage of the agreement would place the Joint committee in a definite position to deal with the sums available from time to time placed at its disposal in the way of improving the beaches. Owing to the lack of such agreement considerable valuable time has been lost during the summer of 1917.

The draft provides for a standing committee of eight, the Mayor of Victoria, and three Aldermen, the Reeve of Saanich and three Councillors.

Clause three exempts the control of the Gorge Park and Mount Douglas Park from the committee's purview. In this connection probably it will be necessary to make some arrangement for the beach at Mt. Douglas, which is really a part of Cordova Bay waterfront.

Clause four gives financial control to the Committee, subject to the approval of the respective councils.

<p

Now Is the Time to Buy
Take Your Choice of Either of These
THREE SNAPS IN HOUSES

COWICHAN ST.
Four roomed cottage with basement, poultry house, lot \$150.
Only \$1,500.

FOURTH ST.
Seven roomed house, near Richmond Ave., nearly new, full basement, piped for furnace, level lot 6x150.
Only \$1,500.

PENMBROKE ST.
Six roomed house, near Richmond Ave., Fort St. full basement, nearly new, good condition, lot 30x120.
Only \$1,600.

Easy terms given on all.

SWINERTON & MUSGRAVE
60 Fort Street.
Exclusive Agents.

VISITORS FROM LAND OF CALIPHS

Messrs. Stewart and Clarke, Y. M. C. A. Workers, Pass Through City

From the land of the Caliphs, where much interest is now centred as a result of the brilliant operations of General Sir Frederick Maude at Ramadi, Weir, Stewart and Arthur T. Clarke, who have been doing good work in the army branch of the Y. M. C. A. with the British forces in Mesopotamia, arrived in the city yesterday on their way home to New York. Messrs. Stewart and Clarke are enthusiastic over the work accomplished through the medium of the Y. M. C. A. on the battle-scarred plains of Mesopotamia. They state that the Association has established quarters almost as far as Ramadi where the forces of Sir Frederick Maude recently made a brilliant coup which resulted in the capture of 4,000 Turkish prisoners.

Eighteen Centres. There are eighteen British Y. M. C. A. centres established in the Persian Gulf and Tigris region in addition to twenty in Indian territory. L. A. Dixon, a Canadian, and son of Canon Dixon, of Toronto, is at the head of the organization.

Another Canadian who is occupying a prominent place in military affairs in the Garden of Eden theatre is Capt. Norman Payne, secretary to the military governor of Bagdad.

While the advance on Bagdad was in progress the Y. M. C. A. organization kept in close touch with the British troops and did splendid service in providing much-needed supplies and smoking materials for the men.

Assisted by Authorities.

The Y. M. C. A. movement in Mesopotamia has been assisted in every way possible by the British authorities. General Maude takes the greatest of interest in the work of the association and but recently mentioned in dispatches the good work accomplished by the Y. M. C. A. in this far-reached sector of the great war theatre.

Messrs. Stewart and Clarke say that the greatest need of the troops in Mesopotamia at the present time is cigarettes and literature. What the men appreciate most is magazine fiction, and in this respect an appeal is made to Canadians who wish to do something for the lads on the Tigris, to supply good reading matter, which can be forwarded to L. A. Dixon, Army Y. M. C. A. Base, Mesopotamia.

Inland Waterways.

Mention was made by the visitors of the invaluable work being done on the Tigris by the men of the Inland Waterways and Docks unit of the Royal Engineers, formerly known as the Inland Water Transport, in handing sick and wounded and the delivery of supplies by water route. Many British Columbians recruited in Victoria and Vancouver are serving on the river boats plying the Tigris.

BOATS WARDEN AWARDED LEGION OF HONOR

Paris, Oct. 3.—The Minister of Marine has commanded in navy orders the French sailing vessel Kleber, 277 tons, which on September 7 stood up to a big German submarine off the coast of South Brittany and placed a single gun so well that her opponent retreated discomfited after three hours of stirring battle.

Pierre Monnier, the boatswain, who fought the ship after the captain of the Kleber was killed, has been decorated with the Legion of Honor, while the twelve men of the crew, several of whom were wounded, have been given war crosses.

UNION COMPANY WILL TAKE BACK CASSIAR

Vancouver, Oct. 3.—The Union S. S. Company, owners of the steamer Cassiar, and the various insurance firms interested in the vessel have come to an arrangement whereby the company takes back the vessel and a lump sum instead of recovering the full insurance value. The Cassiar was wrecked on August 26 near Privett Island but was raised on September 1.

Repairs were estimated at \$30,000 which was about the sum the vessel was insured for.

STRIKE AT LOCAL SHIPYARDS MIGHT DEFEAT PURPOSE

Situation, Although Disquieting, is Expected to Be Smoothed Out

DEMANDS SHOULD BE GRANTED AUTOMATICALLY

Although disquieting reports are afloat concerning the probable action of the shipbuilders employed at the local yards to enforce demands for an increased wage schedule, the hope is expressed in shipbuilding circles that the disgruntled employees will consider the issue from a broad standpoint, and fully weigh the possible consequences before taking the step that would have the effect of tying up an important industry for an indefinite period without securing the object desired.

For some months past the labor situation has been unsettled at the shipyards having under construction wooden vessels for the Imperial Munitions Board. The men are demanding a wage scale, that in some respects, exceeds the demands made by the employees of any shipbuilding plant on the entire coast. Shipwrights working at the yards of the Foundation Company, Ltd., and the Cameron Ganoa Mills Shipbuilders, Ltd., are drawing down \$5 per day for eight hours. They are demanding \$6 per day.

Shipyard laborers who are getting \$3 per day of eight hours, are demanding \$4, whereas \$3.60 has been considered satisfactory by the same class of labor employed at the coast yards across the border.

Other minor demands are being made by other branches of the trade, and Saturday half holiday is considered essential.

The employers here appear to have presented a very fair proposal to the men. Recently the Imperial Munitions Board had posted in prominent places about the shipyards, notices to the effect that the scale of wages would be settled on the basis of the findings of the conciliation board appointed by the United States Shipping Board. Furthermore, it is clearly pointed out that the new wage scale accepted by the American coast yards, would be made effective here from September 1 last.

Everything to Gain.

Thus the shipyard employees here have nothing to lose and everything to gain by awaiting the settlement with the Pacific Coast yards. In view of the scarcity of materials, should a walkout be decided upon, it is not at all unlikely that the Imperial Munitions Board may order the shipyards to be shut down for several months in order to catch up with materials, and even then the programming would not be seriously delayed, as some months will doubtless elapse before the engines are delivered to be installed in the completed hulls.

It is understood that the bulk of the employees are opposed to a strike. A referendum has been taken during the past few days and to-night the various locals will report on their decision. It is expected that the wiser heads will prevail and a strike be averted.

WIRELESS REPORTS

8 a. m., Oct. 3.
Point Grey—Cloudy, N. W.: 30.29.
53; sea smooth. Spoke str. Admirals Evans, 7.30 a. m., off Schmidt Island, 7 a. m., northbound.

Cape Lazo—Cloudy: calm: 30.28: 55; sea smooth. Spoke str Northland, 6.29 a. m., left Ladysmith, 4.30 a. m., southbound; str Anns with tow, abeam, 8 a. m., northbound.

Pachena—Rain: S. E. light: 30.25: 55; heavy swell; thick seaward.

Estevan—Fog: S. E.; 30.02: 53; dense seaward.

Alert Bay—Overcast: calm: 30.02: 55; sea smooth.

Triangle—Fog: calm: 30.28: 54; dense seaward. Spoke str. Victoria, 8 a. m., 415 miles N. W. of Cape Flattery, southbound; spoke str. Northwest, 8.15 p. m., off Boat Bluff, southbound; spoke str Prince Rupert, 12.10 a. m., Millbank Sound, northbound.

Dead Tree Point—Cloudy: S. E. light: 20.14: 49; sea smooth. Str Prince John passed out during night, southbound.

Ikeda Bay—Overcast: calm: 29.86: 52; sea smooth.

Point Grey—Cloudy: calm: 30.30: 50; thick seaward.

Cape Lazo—Clear: S. E. light: 30.30: 51; sea moderate. Spoke steamer Alaska, 10.50 a. m., awaiting tide Seymour Narrows, northbound.

Pachena—Fog: calm: 30.26: 52; dense seaward.

Estevan—Fog: calm: 30.10: 54; light swell.

Alert Bay—Cloudy: calm: 30.05: 56; sea smooth. Spoke steamer Northwestern, 11 a. m., Boat Harbor, noon, southbound; spoke steamer Portland, 11 a. m., abeam, 10 a. m., northbound.

Triangle—Fog: calm: 30.29: 56; dense seaward.

Dead Tree Point—Cloudy: S. W. light: 30.22: 58; sea smooth.

Ikeda Bay—Overcast: N. W. light: 29.54: 54; sea smooth.

Prince Rupert—Overcast: S. E. fresh: 30.11: 51; sea smooth.

OFFICERS ARRIVE FROM PHILIPPINES

Brig.-Gen. T. B. Dugan and Party to Serve in New National Army of States

With Brigadier-General T. B. Dugan at the head of the party a number of American army officers were in the city yesterday afternoon en route from the Orient to the United States. These officers, who have been serving in the Philippines Islands, are slated for commands in the new National Army which is now in course of formation across the border. The party was composed of, in addition to Brigadier-General Dugan, Lieut.-Col. F. R. De Funie, Lieut.-Col. E. E. Haskell, Major W. L. Patterson, Capt. H. Pickard and Lieut.-Col. T. B. Seigle. Also accompanying the military men were six officers of the United States navy who have been serving on the Asiatic station. The naval officers were: Lieut. E. Davis, Lieut. B. L. Domrowski, Lieut. S. H. Geer, Lieut. R. R. Mann, Lieut. L. J. Stecher, Lieut. A. L. White and Lieut. C. D. Swain.

Brig.-Gen. Dugan has been in command of Camp Stotsenberg, one of the larger military encampments in the Philippines, situated a short distance from Manila. He has had a distinguished military career, and shortly before his departure from the Philippines was promoted from the rank of colonel to that of brigadier-general. A large number of officers are being recalled from the Philippines to serve in the new National Army of the States.

MOTORSHIP ASTRI LIMPS INTO PORT

Newly-Completed Vessel Severely Battered by Hurricane Off Mexico

San Diego, Oct. 3.—Badly battered in a hurricane at sea with part of her cargo lost in the storm, her deck cargo shifted until the vessel was listing at a sharp angle, and with a yellow flag flying, the new motorship Astri, Capt. Larsen in command, put into port this morning. The Astri, which was recently completed at a Columbia River shipyard, sailed 22 days ago from Portland for Valparaiso with a cargo of 3,750,000 feet of lumber.

In the big hurricane which the Astri encountered far out at sea off the coast of Mexico, 200,000 feet of lumber cargo on deck was washed overboard and the balance of the deck cargo shifted. Considerable damage was done to the ship itself in the storm. Following the hurricane, contagious disease broke out on board.

IS MAKING TOUR AFTER 19 YEARS IN CHINA TRADE

Capt. M. Picknell, of Hongkong, an officer of the British merchant marine, who for many years has been navigating the waters of the Far East, reached Victoria yesterday, having been granted nine months leave of absence to recover from an illness contracted in the Orient. An Englishman by birth, Capt. Picknell has been associated with the Orient trade for the past nineteen years, and for the greater part of that time has been in the service of the Indo-China Steamship Co., which operates a fleet of 42 steamers in the China coast and Indian trade.

Capt. Picknell is first proceeding to Chicago and will make a tour of the United States and Canada before returning to resume his nautical duties in China.

It is understood that the bulk of the employees are opposed to a strike. A referendum has been taken during the past few days and to-night the various locals will report on their decision. It is expected that the wiser heads will prevail and a strike be averted.

President Kelley said: "I was informed that the 1917 wheat crop for Western Canada will average between 250,000,000 and 250,000,000 bushels, while the oat crop is estimated at 200,000,000 bushels." Mr. Kelley added that this was most satisfactory, as it was a much larger yield than the previous season.

The first visit of the president in his official capacity to Victoria was confined to three hours. He proceeded by the Prince George to Seattle to inspect the terminals there, but will return here to-morrow. The party will leave on Friday for the mainland. J. E. Dalrymple, vice-president in charge of traffic, accompanied by Mrs. Dalrymple, went to Seattle direct from Vancouver. Mr. Dalrymple will be in Victoria to-morrow.

Questioned regarding the past season's crop, Mr. Kelley said: "I was informed that the 1917 wheat crop for Western Canada will average between 250,000,000 and 250,000,000 bushels, while the oat crop is estimated at 200,000,000 bushels." Mr. Kelley added that this was most satisfactory, as it was a much larger yield than the previous season.

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President Kelley, although a British subject, started his railway career in the year 1887 when he became associated with the Northern Pacific Railway, as assistant engineer on location, construction and bridge building. He was attracted from the railway to the mining field in 1884, engaged in mining operations until 1887, when he accepted the position of resident engineer and superintendent of bridges and buildings on the St. Louis Southwestern Railway System, including the St. Louis Southwestern Railway of Texas, and the Tyler Southeastern Railway.

His ability marked him out for speedy promotion, and three years later, in 1890, he was appointed chief engineer of the St. Louis Southwestern System, a position which he held until March, 1899, when he became consulting engineer of the same road, holding at the same time the position of chief engineer of the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad System, and having charge of construction, maintenance and real estate departments. In 1900 his responsibilities were further added to by his appointment to have jurisdiction as chief engineer of the Iowa Central Railway. In 1907 Mr. Kelly joined the Grand Trunk Railway System as chief engineer, four years later being promoted to the position of vice-president. He was appointed chief engineer of the St. Louis Southwestern System, a position which he held until March, 1909, when he became consulting engineer of the same road, holding at the same time the position of chief engineer of the Iowa Central Railway. 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SPORTING NEWS

WHO'S WHO IN THE WORLD'S BASEBALL

"Shoeless Joe" Fails for First Time to Rank With .300 Hitters

For the first time in seven years as a major leaguer, "Shoeless" Joe Jackson has failed this season to rank with the .300 hitters in the American League. Up to the time the White Sox swung into the home stretch in their race for the pennant Jackson's average ranged around .280, but regardless of whether or not he reached the .300 mark before the season closes his hitting this season cannot be underestimated, for he has delivered countless times in the pinches, and after all, that is what counts the most.

Brilliant, But Disappointing.

Jackson's batting endeavors since he first became a major league fixture with the Cleveland Club in 1911 have been brilliant, but disappointing to him. The lowest average he has ever turned in prior to this year was .308 in 1915, and for three successive seasons, from 1911 to 1913, he made hot races for the batting championship of his league, only to be beaten out by Ty Cobb, the great Georgian.

Jackson is one of the few players in the majors to-day who has batted better than .400. In 1911 he turned in a final average of .408, against .420 for Cobb. The following year he batted .395 and Cobb wound up with .410. In 1913 he hit .372, against .399 for the Georgia Peach. It has always been the same story—no matter how hard Jackson hit the ball, his rival from Georgia walloped it just a little harder.

Has Five More Years.

Jackson is now 30 years old, some eight months younger than Cobb, and as great ball players go he has at least five years more before him as major leaguer. His batting average this year cannot be taken as an indication that he has gone back. It is a safe bet that before he hangs up his spikes he will rank among the .300 hitters several times more.

Like Cobb, "Shoeless" Joe is a Southerner. He was born at Brandon Mills, S. C., July 16, 1887, and he first came into notice as a player with the Greenville town team, a semi-professional club, in 1907. The following year he was signed by the Greenville team of the Carolina Association, and in 1911 he turned in a slugging average of .346.

Up to the season of 1911, when he came to the majors to stay, he played with several minor league teams, and was tried out twice by the Athletics and once by Cleveland. In his last year in the minors, at New Orleans in 1910, he batted .354, and he is one of the very few players who have come up to the majors and succeeded in turning in a better batting average his first year up than he had made in the minor leagues.

Would Not Part With Him.

Always rated as one of the greatest players in the big leagues, Jackson was sought by many managers, who tried to purchase him from the Cleveland club. But Charley Somers, former owner of the Indians, would not part with his star.

Finally, when Somers suffered a severe financial setback, he was forced to sell Jackson, and the player went to the White Sox in August, 1915, in a deal that involved more than \$25,000. Players Ruth and Kepfer were turned over to Cleveland for Jackson, and it is said that Comiskey laid out at least \$25,000 in cold cash to complete the deal.

TWO GIANT STARS ARE READY



HERZOG

Helge Zimmerman and Herzog, of the New York Giants, although not among the leaders in hitting of the Nationals, are nevertheless invaluable assets to the club. Zimmerman plays 3rd base, while Herzog holds forth at 2nd. Benny Kauff and George Burns were the Giants' two leading hitters. The team as a whole batted .264, having made 1,187 hits for a total of 1,556 bases in 4,490 times at bat. For the White Sox, Harry Felsch was the leading slugger. The White Sox as a team hit .253, having made 1,142 hits for a total of 1,477 bases out of 4,508 times at bat.

TO MEET SATURDAY.

Chicago, Oct. 5.—The rate of the Three I League which suspended with numerous others, shortly after the fourth of July last, will be discussed at the annual league meeting called for next Saturday. Several plans will be talked over for playing next season.

NOT TO LEASE TRACK.

Montreal, Oct. 2.—At a meeting of the directors of the Western Racing Association held at the home office it was decided not to lease their track, Devonshire Park, Windsor, for the purpose of holding an alleged bettors meet-

A FEW FACTS ABOUT AMERICA'S COMING WORLD SERIES BALL

Schedule of Dates.

Saturday, October 6—Giants vs. White Sox, Comiskey Park, Chicago.

Sunday, October 7—Giants vs. White Sox, Comiskey Park, Chicago.

Tuesday, October 9—White Sox vs. Giants, Polo Grounds, New York.

Wednesday, October 10—White Sox vs. Giants, Polo Grounds, New York.

Friday, October 12—(Columbus Day) —Giants vs. White Sox, Comiskey Park, Chicago.

Monday, October 15—White Sox vs. Giants, Polo Grounds, New York.

Umpires.

American League—Frank O'Loughlin and William Evans.

National League—William Klem and Charles Riger.

Special Arrangements.

Seventh game, if necessary, will be awarded to city winning toss of coin before sixth game is played.

One per cent. of commission's revenue will be donated to bat and ball funds for soldiers in France.

Exhibition game for soldiers between contesting teams to be played at Camp Mills, if series concludes in East; at Rockford, Ill., if it ends in West.

Games start at Chicago at 2 o'clock Victoria time.

Games start at New York at 2 o'clock (11 o'clock Victoria time).

BASEBALL RECORDS

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Chicago	100	54	.649
Boston	90	60	.590
Cleveland	88	66	.571
Detroit	78	75	.510
Washington	72	79	.477
New York	70	81	.464
St. Louis	57	97	.370
Philadelphia	54	97	.358

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Pct.
New York	96	54	.632
Philadelphia	87	63	.580
St. Louis	82	70	.529
Chicago	78	76	.506
Boston	74	80	.487
Brooklyn	70	79	.469
St. Louis	67	79	.459
Pittsburgh	51	102	.333

COAST LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Pct.
San Francisco	100	83	.551
Los Angeles	99	84	.551
Seattle	90	85	.514
Portland	89	85	.511
Oakland	89	92	.484
Vernon	74	112	.366

YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL IN THE BIG LEAGUES

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R. H. E.
Second game—	2 7 1
New York	1 2 1
Philadelphia	8 2 4
Batteries—Demaree and Rariden; Alexander and Killeen.	
At Brooklyn—	R. H. E.
Boston	6 9 0
Brooklyn	2 9 0
Batteries—Barnes and Tragger; Pfeffer and Miller.	
Only two games scheduled.	

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R. H. E.
Washington	1 7 1
Boston	2 10 1
Called 8th; darkness.	
Batteries—Ayres and Henry; Maya and Agnew.	
No others scheduled.	

COAST LEAGUE

	R. H. E.
At Los Angeles—Oakland, 6; Los Angeles, 1.	
At Portland—Salt Lake, 3; Portland, 4.	
At San Francisco—Vernon, 4; San Francisco, 15.	

Y. M. C. A. HAS FINE WINTER PROGRAMME

Canadian Standard Efficiency Tests Will Feature Athletic Work of Season

A comprehensive athletic programme is again to be the feature of the gymnasium classes at the local branch of the Y. M. C. A. during the coming winter months. Many young and not a few of the older athletes of the city will recall with pleasure remembrances of many very successful sporting events held at the Blanchard Street institution last year and the announcement that an even broader programme is planned for the 1917-18 winter will be greeted with expressions of anticipation.

Along general lines the work so far as the gymnasium training is concerned has been divided into two departments, men and boys. The latter class, owing to the large number interested in gymnasium work and in view of variance of age has been divided into several schools: senior, intermediate, junior and employed boys. Each class according to the schedule drawn by the Association officials will enjoy two periods of gymnasium work each week.

The programme adopted by the local Y. M. C. A. is that known throughout the Dominion as the Canadian Standard Efficiency tests. Its inception to the local branch last year realized results which entirely surpassed the most optimistic expectations of the officials and it is thus that the coming winter is being entered upon with a pronounced feeling that like results will be obtained. The Canadian Standard Efficiency tests demand the de-

IS FIFTH BIG SERIES FOR EDDIE COLLINS

Giants Have Seven Members Who Have Participated in Former Series

New York, Oct. 2.—Out of the forty-odd players of the Chicago Americans and the New York Nationals who are eligible to take part in the coming world series just ten have participated in these baseball classics in past years. The winners of the American League pennant number three such contenders in the local roster, while the New York Giants count seven players who have had their bank accounts increased as a result of their share of one or more such series.

Although the Chicago Club participated in the series of 1906, not one of the present White Sox date back to that period, and the three men who hold world-series brackets won their honor while members of other teams. Five of the Giants' world-series veterans gained their experience in these post-season contests while wearing the uniform of the New York Club, and two as members of other National or American League combinations.

In point of world series service Second Baseman Eddie Collins, who made the sensational jump from the Columbia University nine to Connie Mack's famous Philadelphia baseball machine, holds the record, having been an important factor in four such series, with the Athletics, Arthur Fletcher and Charlie Herzog, stars of the Giants' infield, are next in line, having played in three series for the New York Club. Pitcher Teesreau, another of the Giants, was shared in the prize money of two series, while Eddie Murphy also figured in two when wearing the Athletics' colors, as did Bobby Byrne in the uniform of the Pittsburgh or Philadelphia Nationals. There are also four New York Club players who have been through one such campaign. Demaree and Burns were in the 1913 series for the Giants, while Zimmerman played for the Chicago Nationals in the series of 1916, and George Gibson for the Pittsburgh Nationals in the clash of 1909 against Detroit.

The game was won by Cleveland, 1 to 0, Joe Birmingham scoring the only run made during that most remarkable of diamond contests. Cleveland made but four hits off Walsh, and Birmingham got two of them. Walsh had pitched a game that, 99 times out of a thousand, would have won easily for the team, and defeat under such circumstances was unusually bitter. Walsh's elusive spitters were always easy for Joe Birmingham, although hardly any other player in the League could solve them, and on many other occasions after that Joe won games for Cleveland when Walsh was pitching.

The record for no-hits games in the American League began a little over fifteen years ago, when Callahan, pitching for Chicago, let down Detroit without a hit on September 20, 1902.

COLLEGE MEN MUST JOIN MILITIA IF THEY WOULD PLAY

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 3.—Unless a man, physically fit, has identified himself with some branch of military service, he need not expect to play football at Yale this year, according to an announcement to-day by Tad Jones, football coach.

ANNIVERSARY OF JOSS' NOTABLE NO-HIT GAME

Remarkable Match Was Played in American League at Cleveland Park

Nine years ago one of the most memorable no-hit games in the history of the American League was played in Cleveland between the Naps and the Chicago White Sox. Both teams were fighting for the lead, with the finish of the campaign but a short time distant, and players and fans wore their fighting clothes. Eddie Joss went to the slab for Cleveland, while Ed Walsh pitched for Chicago. It is unlikely that such pitching will ever be seen again in a single contest. Joss did not permit a single Chicago player to reach first base. Walsh fanned fifteen Naps in eight innings.

The game was won by Cleveland, 1 to 0, Joe Birmingham scoring the only run made during that most remarkable of diamond contests. Cleveland made but four hits off Walsh, and Birmingham got two of them. Walsh had pitched a game that, 99 times out of a thousand, would have won easily for the team, and defeat under such circumstances was unusually bitter. Walsh's elusive spitters were always easy for Joe Birmingham, although hardly any other player in the League could solve them, and on many other occasions after that Joe won games for Cleveland when Walsh was pitching.

The record for no-hits games in the American League began a little

Detective Agency

PRIVATE DETECTIVE OFFICE, 212 Hibben-Bone Bldg. Day and night. Phone 2112.

Electrolysis

ELECTROLYSIS—Fourteen years' practical experience in removing superfluous hairs. Mrs. Barker, Phone 5535, 713 View Street.

Engravers

GENERAL ENGRAVER, Stencil Cutter and Seal Engraver. Geo. Crowther, 318 Wharf Street, behind Post Office.

HALF-TONE AND LINE ENGRAVING—Commercial work a specialty. Services advertising, business, stationery. B. J. Engraving Co., Times Building. Orders received at Times Business Office.

Fish

D. K. CHUNGARNEE, LTD.—Fish, poultry, fruit and vegetables. 608 Broughton Street. Phone 322.

EAT FISH TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS—Fresh supplies daily free delivery. W. J. Wrightson, 613 Johnson. Phone 661.

CENTRAL FISH MARKET, 613 Johnson. Tel. 388. W. T. Miller.

Foot Specialists

JOSEPHINE, MADAM, foot specialist. Corns permanently cured. Consultations free. Room 407-408, Campbell Building. Phone 2864. 623-47

Funeral Directors

B. C. FUNERAL CO. (Haywards), LTD. 714 Broughton. Motor or horse drawn caskets as required. Embalmers Tel. 222.

BANDS FUNERAL FURNISHING CO. LTD. 1612 Quadra St. Tel. 3206.

THOMSON, FRANK L., 827 Pandora Ave. Fine funeral furnishings. Graduate of U. S. College of Embalming. Omes Tel. 488. One day and night.

Furniture Movers

JEEVES BROS.—Padded van for moving. Padding and packing. Phones 223 and 421.

MOVE YOUR FURNITURE by motor. Cheaper and quicker; prices reasonable. J. D. Williams, Phone 479.

Furriers

FOSTER, FRED, 2216 Government St. Phone 3257.

Kindling and Millwood

CEDAR MILLWOOD, cedar shingles, dove-tail shingles, kindling, double load, \$3; single load, \$1.50. 216 Government Street. Phone 554. 417-47

Hair and Skin Specialists

PLUM-PHILIP, skin-hair specialist, 501 Campbell Bldg. Phone 2416. 617-47

Hardware

B. C. HARDWARE & PAINT CO., LTD. 717 Fort Street. Hardware and paint etc.; prices right. Tel. 522. 417-47

Healer and Medium

R. KNEESHAW, healer and medium, 103 South off Commercial. Consultations daily. Circles Tuesday and Friday, 8 p. m. Take No. 6 car. Phone 2519. 52-47

Horseshoer

MCDONALD & NICOL, 622 Pandora. Tel. 522. WOOD & TODD, 723 Johnson Street.

Junk

ALASKA JUNK CO.—Scrap metals, rubber, bricks, pipe, machinery, tools, etc. Phone 2768.

Ladies' Tailoring

TREAT YOURSELF to a suit correctly cut and fitted; prices from \$25 to \$50. The Toronto Ladies' Tailor, 1424 Government, upstairs, No. 9. 619-47

Laundries

NEW METHOD LAUNDRY, LTD. 1015-17 North Park. L. D. McLean. Expert laundress. Tel. 2000.

Lime

700 TONS AGRICULTURAL LIME, \$2.50 per ton in bulk; extra charge if in sacks. Rosebank Lime Co., Victoria, N. S., Esquimalt Harbor. Tel. Belmont EX. 47

BUILDERS' AND AGRICULTURAL LIME. Lime Producers Limited, 215 Central Block. Phone 2000.

Livery Stables

BRAY'S STABLES, 76 Johnson. Livery, boarding, hacks, express wagons, etc. Phone 182.

Legal

BRADSHAW & STACPOLE, barristers-at-law. 229 Union Bank Building.

Merchant Tailors

SCHAFFER & GLASS, E. Schaffer, W. Glass. Men's and ladies' tailoring. Tel. Fort Street. Phone 2012.

Music

TED HUGHES, vocalist and pianist. Phone 5347. 62-47

HASTON, MR. JOSEPH'S, St. Paul School, 1424 Fort Street, gives lessons in singing and piano playing, reperior or exams. Phone 6511.

Nursing

PRIVATE MATERNITY HOME, 2216 Lee Ave. Phone 281. 618-47

PRIVATE MATERNITY HOME—Patients cared for by experienced Old Country nurse. Charges reasonable. 605 Government Street. Phone 2848. 618-47

Notary Public

E. D. TODD, notary public. 711 Fort St.

GAUNCE, W. G., Notary Public and Insurance Agent. Room 202, 1015-17 North Park. City, suburban and farm lands.

Oysters

ESQUIMALT OYSTERS, fresh from the beds daily, at all dealers.

Painting

FOR PAINTING, kalsomining, papering, signs and showcards, get my figures. Phone Brook, Colquitz, 7R. 59

Plasterer

THOMAS, FRANK, plasterer. Repairing, etc.; prices reasonable. Phone 3327. Rea, 1750 Albert Avenue, City. oil

Plumbing and Heating

HAYWARD & DODS, LTD., 927 Fort Plumbing and heating. Tel. 1854.

VICTORIA PLUMBING CO., 1052 Pandora Street. Phone 3462 and 1450T.

HASENFRAZT, A. E., successor to Cookson Plumbing Co., 1045 Yates St. Phones 674 and 4517X.

ERADEN, JOHN T., 1424 Broughton. Plumbing and heating. Tel. 461. 47

R. J. NOTT CO., LTD., 575 Yates St. Plumbing and heating. 47

HOCKING, James Bay, 365 St. James Street. Phone 2711L. Ranges connected, coils made. 47

COLBERT PLUMBING AND HEATING CO., LTD., 755 Broughton St. Tel. 523.

SHERET, ANDREW, 1414 Broughton. Plumbing and heating supplies. Tel. 623.

Photographer

MEUGENS, Arcade Bldg. Portraiture and enlargements. Studio. Tel. 1905.

ESTERSON, 610, 209 Government, 2nd floor. Finishes for amateurs. Enlargements.

Printers

VICTORIA PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO., 521 Yates. Edition and commercial printing and binding. Tel. 6.

Publications

TIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO., 628 Fort Street. Business Office. Phone 106. Circulation Dept. Phone 3367; Advertising Dept. Phone 1000; Editorial Room. Phone 45.

THE ISLAND MOTORIST. \$1.00 per year. The Motorist Journal. C. L. Harris, manager.

Real Estate and Insurance

THE GRIFFITH CO., Hibben-Bone Building, Victoria.

CLIFFORD ANDERSON, LTD.—Fire, Life, Accident, Sickness, Automobile, Liability, Bonding, Plate-Glass, Elevator and Theft. Seven big insurance Co.'s represented. Timber and mining properties. Building opportunities. Estates. Stores and office buildings promptly looked after. Houses to rent.

THE GRIFFITH CO., Victoria, B. C.

WM. DUNFORD & SON, LTD., 211 Union Street. Real estate brokers and exchange specialists. Tel. 452.

C. B. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY, 922 Government. Tel. 125.

CROWN REALTY & INVESTMENT CO., 1218 Government St. Houses to rent. Fire insurance. Coal and wood. W. H. Price, mgr., and notary public. Tel. 340.

DAY & BOGGS, 620 Fort. Real estate, insurance and financial brokers. Tel. 340.

GILLESLER, HART & TODD, LTD.—Fire, auto, plate glass, bonds, accident, marine, burglary insurance. 711 Fort Street. Phone 2640.

COLES, ARTHUR, 1256 Broad St. Tel. 65.

LEEMING BROS., LTD., 524 Fort St. Fire and life insurance. Rents collected. Tel. 743.

Ship Chandlers

MCQUADE & SON, LTD., PETER, 1214 Wharf. Ship chandlers and naval stores. Tel. 41.

MARVIN & CO., E. B., 1302 Wharf. Ship chandlers and loggers' supplies. Tel. 14 and 15.

Shoe Repairing

MANNING, E., 618 Trounce Alley. SATISFACTION in shoe repairing. Arthur Hibbs, 67 Yates, between Government and Broad Streets.

SHOE REPAIRING—promptly and neatly done. Reasonably priced. H. White, 1311 Broughton, St. two doors from Telephone Office.

ELECTRIC SHOE SHOP, 626 View St. F. West, prop. Also Shoe Shine Parlor.

Sewer and Cement Work

BUTCHER, T., sewer and cement work. 2230 Lee Avenue. Phone 5256L. 025.

Sewer Pipe and Tile Mfrs.

SEWER PIPE WARE, field tile, ground fire clay, etc. B. C. Pottery Co., Ltd. Broad and Pandora.

Stenographer

MRS. E. EXHAM, public stenographer. 202 Central Building. Phone 2632. 47

MRS. B. WALKER, public stenographer. 508 Campbell Building. Terms moderate. 618-47

Sporting Goods

JAMES GREEN, gunmaker. All kinds of repairs and alterations. Make stocks to fit the shooter; bore barrels to improve the shooting. 1319 Government, upstairs. Tel. 173. 618-47

PELTON BROS., 1321 Government Street. Bicycles and complete line of sporting goods. Tel. 817.

Tailors and Costumers

BROWN, H. H., 730 Fort. Naval, military, civil and ladies' tailor. Tel. 1817.

Second-Hand Dealers

NATHAN & LEVY, 1422 Government. Jewelry, musical and nautical instruments, tools, etc. Tel. 5446.

JOHNSON & SONS, 1411 Government. SACKS, at any quantity wanted. In Louis, 915 Caledonia Ave. Phone 2493.

WANTED

Furniture, whole or part, fair price, cash down. Magnet, 609 Fort. Phone 3114.

READ THIS—Best prices given for ladies' and gents' cast-off clothing. Phone 2907 or call 704 Yates Street.

SHAW & CO. (the Lancashire girls) positively pay top cash price for gentlewoman's and ladies' cast-off clothing, boots, etc. Phone 401, or call 735 Fort Street. Night phone 7291.

DIAMONDS, antiques, old gold bought and sold. Mrs. Aaronson, 1067 Government St. opposite Angus Campbell's.

BAGS AND WASTE METAL, MERCHANT, D. Louis, 919 Caledonia Ave. BEST PRICES paid for gents' cast-off clothing. Give me a trial. Phone 2007. 140 Stord Street.

A. LADY WILL CALL and buy your high-class clothing. Spot cash. Mrs. Hunt, 82 Johnson, two houses up from Broughton. Phone 421.

Taxidermists

BIG GAME HEADS, russ a speciality. All classes taxidermy. Wherry & Tow, 629 Pandora. Phone 521.

Tuition

ENGINEERS instructed for certificates, marine, stationary, Diesel, W. G. Winterburn, 560 Central Bldg. Phones 2674, 4511L.

Trunk and Harness Mfrs.

F. NOHRIS & SONS, 1230 Government St. Wholesale and retail dealers in suit cases, bags and leather goods. Tel. 410.

Typewriters

TYPEWRITERS—New and second-hand; rentals; ribbons for all machines. United Typewriter Co., Ltd., 722 Fort Street, Victoria. Phone 3698.

Window Cleaning

ISLAND WINDOW CLEANING CO.—Phone 518. Pioneer window cleaners and janitors. 516 Arnold.

Vacuum Cleaners

HAVE THE AUTO VACUUM for your carpets. Satisfaction assured. Phone 4616.

Y. W. C. A.

Y. W. C. A.—Main building and public dining room, employment bureau, travellers' aid work, etc. 922 Douglas Street. Annex

FIRST LIBERAL IN BORDEN'S CABINET

Col. Ballantyne, New Minister of Public Works, Raised a Battalion

FIRST CASE UNDER PROHIBITION ACT HEARD AT NANAIMO

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—Col. C. C. Ballantyne, who was sworn in to-day as Minister of Public Works to succeed Hon. Robert Rogers, is the first Liberal to enter the Borden Government. He is prominent as a business man in Montreal, and for some years served as a member of the Montreal Board of Harbour Commissioners. He has worked actively for recruiting. He was a member of the Montreal home guard, and raised a battalion for overseas service. He accompanied the battalion to England as its commanding officer, and when it was broken up to provide reinforcements for other units he returned to Canada.

Col. Ballantyne is in favor of compulsory service as the best means of meeting the needs of the forces at the front.

He is managing director of the Sherwin-Williams Paint Company, Montreal.

It is thought that other changes will take place in the Cabinet right away. Rumored retirements are those of Hon. Frank Cochrane, Hon. T. W. Crothers, Hon. J. D. Hazen, Hon. Martin Burrell and Hon. W. J. Roche. Hugh Guthrie, M. P., also is expected to enter the Cabinet. The name of J. G. O'Donoghue, of Toronto, also is mentioned in this connection.

Vancouver, Oct. 3.—"Our difficulty was that we found it impracticable to embody in the legislation provision for selecting and distinguishing the numerous people born in enemy countries and recently naturalized in Canada. We were under the necessity of making the law fairly workable, and consequently had to adopt broad and general rules."

In these words Hon. Arthur Meighen writes to a Vancouver correspondent, who called his attention to the War-Time Election Act as it affects thousands of loyal Canadian citizens who through no fault of their own find their status as naturalized British subjects called in question.

The Solicitor-General adds: "I sincerely trust that you will appreciate this fact and will realize the disqualification affecting enemy-born subjects recently naturalized is of a purely temporary character, and goes entirely out of effect after the war."

STRIKE ON RAILWAYS IN RUSSIA CALLED TO START TO-MORROW

Petrograd, Oct. 3.—The demand for improved economic conditions recently made by employees of the principal Russian railways not having been satisfied, the men have announced their intention of stopping work to-morrow.

PREPARING FOR TRIAL OF I. W. W.'S AT CHICAGO

Chicago, Oct. 3.—Inspection of the letters and other documentary evidence seized by federal officers in the I. W. W. raids continued to-day in preparation for the trial of the 166 persons who were indicted last week on charges of sedition conspiracy. George F. Vanderveer, a Seattle attorney, arrived to-day and arranged for a conference with the district-attorney. Mr. Vanderveer represents a number of the indicted men who were arrested in the west.

A list of eighty-three names of members of the I. W. W. arrested up to and including September 30 was made public to-day. Those indicted number 166.

IF NOT THIS EVENING, OTTAWA DISSOLUTION WILL COME TO-MORROW

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—Announcement of the dissolution of Parliament may be made this afternoon or evening, although it is not expected to come before to-morrow.

FIRST CASE UNDER PROHIBITION ACT HEARD AT NANAIMO

Nanaimo, Oct. 3.—E. Norton, employed at the Nanaimo sawmills, who was arrested last night for having whisky in his possession on the public highway, the first prosecution under the Prohibition Act here, was before Magistrate Beever Potts this afternoon. From the evidence it appeared that the accused ordered the liquor from Vancouver last month and it was shipped from there September 29 but did not arrive here until Monday. The accused came to town to fetch the case, and as he did not wish to return home until later in the evening he took a room at the Eagle Hotel, where he deposited the case, opening one bottle and having a drink out of it. When, about 8 o'clock, he left the hotel to take the liquor to the place where his car was waiting to take him home he was arrested. The accused offered to plead guilty this forenoon and pay the fine but the magistrate, while admitting an infraction of the act had been committed, did not consider it a case where a penalty should be inflicted and demanded the accused for a week on bail of \$50, the amount of the minimum fine. Meanwhile he will communicate with the Attorney-General.

10,000 AEROPLANES FROM U. S. SUGGESTED

Minneapolis, Oct. 3.—Brigadier-General A. D. McRae, quartermaster-general of Canadian Expeditionary Forces in France, visiting here to-day, declared the entry of the United States into the war was a necessity for the ultimate victory of the Entente and, this, they say, is the cause of the American embargo on coal exports by the water route to Canada.

"If you can put 10,000 aeroplanes on the western front within the next 12 months and carry on the same warfare as the Germans now carry on over London, I think you can win the war in another year," he said.

Brigadier-General McRae will leave for Winnipeg to-night to complete arrangements to depart for France in three weeks.

HEADS OF RUSSIAN ELECTRICAL CONCERN HELD BY EMPLOYEES

Kharkov, Russia, Oct. 2.—Vladimir Petrotz, Oct. 3.—The employees of the electric light company here to-day arrested the directors and managers. After a meeting at which a proposal to deal out summary justice to the prisoners was rejected it was decided to hold them until higher wages had been granted.

HAVE DISAGREED.

Washington, Oct. 3.—A disagreement was reported to-day by a subcommittee of the coal operators and miners of the central competitive field discussing a readjustment of the miners' wage scale. The chief point of difference is as to how long the new contract shall run. The miners want a contract covering a two-year period beginning next April, but the operators want it to end sixty days after the war is over.

The subject will be taken up by the full conference of operators and miners.

CONSIDERATION FOR BEREAVED FAMILIES

Loss of Relatives at Front Will Be Recognized by Tribunals

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—Families which have lost several members in the war will receive special consideration when drafts are called under the Military Service Act. A definite regulation on the point has not been laid down, but the military representatives will be instructed not to oppose claims for exemption made to local tribunals on such grounds. No doubt is felt that the tribunals will recognize the validity of bona fide claims of this nature.

Men of alien birth who still retain their foreign citizenship will not be required either to report for service or to claim exemption when the first call is issued, but every British naturalized citizen, no matter where or how naturalized, must report or claim exemption—that is if he comes within the class called out by proclamation. Men of enemy origin naturalized since 1902 are disfranchised under the War Time Election Act and under the same measure are given exemption from military service. The exemption must be claimed, however, by filing in a claim in the ordinary way.

Negotiations are under way, it is understood between Ottawa and Washington with a view to bringing Americans of military age resident in Canada within the scope of the draft. Canadians residing in the United States will be similarly affected under the American law.

Washington, Oct. 3.—The war tax bill was signed by Speaker Clark and Vice-President Marshall shortly after noon and was sent at once to the White House. The bill is designed to raise \$2,416,000,000 in revenue.

All new taxes in the bill will become effective when the President signs it, except certain specified rates.

The one-cent letter and postcard tax will become operative in 30 days and the second-class mail increases on July 1.

The new income and war excess profits taxes are based on income of the 1917 calendar year and payable before March 31, 1918. All stamp taxes, including those on parcel post packages, will become effective December 1. The amusement admissions and taxes on club dues will go into effect November 1, as will the taxes on freight and passenger transportation, sleeping car, drawing room and steamship berths, pipeline transportation, insurance policies and telegraph and telephone messages costing 15 cents or more.

DENIED MAIRS.

Milwaukee, Oct. 3.—The Milwaukee Leader, organ of the Socialist party in this city, to-day was denied privilege of the United States mails. The order, it is said, is based on a section of the espionage act. Victor L. Berger is editor and chief owner of the publication.

BEFORE SHIPPERS.

Washington, Oct. 3.—The Interstate Commerce Commission to-day notified the railroads of the country that it proposed hereafter before granting applications for increased rates to place such application before the shippers interested in their operation.

NEW PRICES HIGHER.

Washington, Oct. 3.—Representatives of public utility companies in Iowa and Illinois, headed by Clifford Thorne appeared to-day before the fuel administration to protest against the coal prices fixed by the Government. The fixed prices, they contend, while lowering the market prices obtaining at the time, in almost every instance are higher than the average prices for the last year.

YOUNG MCBRADY.

Port Arthur, Ont., Oct. 3.—Robert McB Brady, aged 22, is in St. Joseph's hospital hovering between life and death with a gunshot wound above his heart and his father, William McB Brady, a prominent lawyer, is in a city cell accused of having caused the wound. The circumstances of the affair are obscure.

Young McB Brady was a lieutenant in the 14th Battalion, but was not taken overseas because some of the officers had to be taken from the strength of the battalion not having its full quota of men.

BACON PROBE.

Toronto, Oct. 3.—Owing to expert researches into the packing companies' books being still incomplete, the Government commission investigating the profits of the William Davies Company and the Matthews, Blackwell Company, otherwise known as the "bacon probe," will not resume to-morrow as was the intention when the commission adjourned.

GERMAN STATEMENT.

(By Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.)

Chicago, Oct. 3.—There was nothing new in the situation here to-day and it is felt that the corn options would sell at much higher prices but for the maximum price of 12s. New corn is bringing around 10s. Buyers do not like to hold when profits are limited, and as a result it has been comparatively easy to depress prices. A gain of another cent was recorded to-day. The strength in oats is still in evidence.

CORN.

Open High Low Last
Dec. 119 129 119 120
May 116 116 115 116

OPEN HIGH LOW LAST

Dec. 119 129 119 120
May 116 116 115 116

OATS.

Open High Low Last
Dec. 60 60 59 60
May 61 62 61 62

% % %

NEW YORK CORN MARKET

(By Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.)

Bid Asked

Canada Copper 24

Standard Silver Lead 8

Wright-Martin Aeroplane 101

Curtiss Aeroplane 37

Mid. West Oil 142

Mid. West Refining 142

Chevrolet Motors 75

Butte & Montana 15

Magnus Copper 47

Ray Hercules 33

Hecla Mining 83

Howe Sound Mining 5

Success Mining 19

N. A. Pulp 3

New Cornells 92

Shannon 61

Submarine Boat 164

St. Joseph Lead 171

United Motors 142

Big Ledge 12

Maxima 11

Kerr Lake 53

Third Ave. Railway 22

The Texas Company 162

Union Pacific 127

Lack Steel 812

Lowell & N. 2 118 119

Maxwell Motors 34

Midvale Steel 513

Met. Petroleum 945

Miami Copper 333

Missouri-Pacific 292

Mo. & Texas 5 5 5

National 501 501 501

N. Y. N. H. & H. 281 271 271

New York Central 748 734 734

Norfolk & Western 109 109 109

Northern Pacific 108 994 994

Nevada Cons. Copper 20 20 20

Pennsylvania R. R. 52 513 513

Reading 813 809 813

Ry. Steel Spring 45 444 444

Ry. Come Mining 242 242 242

Republic Steel 51 51 51

Southern Ry. 911 911 911

St. Louis & San 273 262 272

Do. pref. 281 270 281

Int'l Nickel 323 323 323

Int'l Mer. & Marine 73 78 78

Do. pref. 273 268 273

Hillside Industrial 109 100 100

Illinoian 29 288 288

Kan. City Southern 18 17 18

Lethbridge Valley 502 502 502

Lack Steel 812 812 812

Lowell & N. 2 118 119 119

Maxwell Motors 34 33 33

Midvale Steel 513 502 502

Met. Petroleum 945 935 935

Miami Copper 333 333 333

Missouri-Pacific 292 292 292

Mo. & Texas 5 5 5

National 501 501 501

N. Y. N. H. & H. 281 271 271

New York Central 748 734 734

Norfolk & Western 109 109 10

MOTOR COLLISION IN KHYBER PASS

Former Member of Times Staff
Injured on Border of
Afghanistan

HALF WAY ROUND WORLD IN SERVICE OF EMPIRE

When Driver Charles Kenneth Jones, a native son of Victoria, left this city on Christmas Day, 1915, he little thought that his eventual return would be occasioned more or less by motor car collision near to the celebrated Khyber Pass, on the northwest frontier of India, some 18 months later. Such was the case, however, and the young transport driver returned to his native city yesterday, and to The Times this morning he told something of his many experiences in various parts of the world.

Driver Jones was not allowed to remain in England very long after his arrival in January of last year. The need for motor transport drivers was particularly insistent at that time, and he was a lone Canadian with a draft from the Imperial service, to which he became attached, detailed for duty in Mesopotamia. To young Jones the prospect of so early a departure to that remote war theatre was received with enthusiasm if somewhat mixed feelings. It was all in the game, and whether it be France or German East Africa or anywhere else, he had enlisted to do his bit, no matter what it entailed.

Gas at Basra.

He arrived at Basra and commenced his duties, and it was while there that he had his first touch of gas. At various points—between there and Kut-el-Amara he had ample opportunities of realizing the horrors of climatic conditions in Mesopotamia. His particular work was that of transporting hospital patients and hospital equipment used for temporary hospitals in the field. He speaks of the magnificent qualities of the ill-fated commander of the garrison at Kut and of the genuine feelings of his men towards Gen. Townshend as a soldier and a man.

From Mesopotamia in June of last year Driver Jones was sent to Kuruksh, on the west coast of India, some 250 miles northwest of Bombay. From there he went to Lahore, and the memory of his short stay at the latter spot will always be associated with the awful disaster which overtook a troop train on which some 300 recruits from England were bound for the northwest frontier. It will be remembered that some six days were taken by the journey through the Sind desert, and so great was the heat and so incomplete and inadequate were the general arrangements for such a trip that over 50 British soldiers died en route from sheer exhaustion and lack of proper nourishment.

115 in the Shade.

For two days Jones assisted in conveying the dead from the train for burial at Lahore. It was a sight, he says, that will always remind him of a ghastly blunder. Those men who had had the fortune to escape heat stroke or fever were in a fearful state of dementia, and it was difficult for them to talk coherently. The train was packed like the veritable sardine can, he says, with no ice aboard and the temperature in the region of 115 degrees in the shade. The bodies of the unhappy victims were buried at Lahore, and Driver Jones was present at the last rites.

At Rawal Pindi for four months Driver Jones' duties consisted of driving his auto now pressed into the service of taking the Mesopotamian wounded from the train to the convalescent camp in the Murree Hills. This was an interesting experience for the young Victorian and gave him an insight into the life of the people which he says will give him material for reflection for many a long day to come.

On the Frontier.

The end of November last year found the young soldier on the northwest frontier attached to the Imperial forces, some hundred and fifty thousand strong, employed in teaching the hill tribes their manners and the measure of respect due to the flag. While he says the fighting was at times quite brisk it would scarcely rank for comparison with the more advertised war fronts. He found quite enough to do in the conveyance of wounded to the station at Shabotta.

Strangely enough, he says, it was the first of April this year when all alone in the solitude of the hills quite near to the Khyber Pass, the scene of many a fierce conflict between Briton and Afghan, he was driving his auto when, without the least warning, an armored car dashed round a sharp bend, crashing into him with such speed that he was promptly shot from his seat down to the bottom of a thirty-foot dip.

Nearly Round the World.

It was no use protesting the rule of the road at this outpost of Empire, so he did the next best thing by gathering himself up with the aid of two comrades from the armored car. Internal injuries ended his military career. His journey home, however, had much in the way of recompense. He came via Bombay, Cape Town, and Sierra Leone, to England, where two weeks in the garden city at Bourneville brought back his health and permitted his return to Canada on September 17.

Driver Jones is twenty-one years of age and prior to enlistment was for two years engaged as a stereopterist at The Times office.

Retired from England.—Pte. E. Degnen, son of James Degnen, Gaibrook, has returned from England, being invalided home as unfit for active service. He was in hospital in England for some time.

SUCCESSFUL SHOW HELD AT COBBLE HILL

Quality of Display Made Up
for Shortage in
Quantity

"THIS ASSIZE COURT IS NOT A POOL ROOM"

Mr. Justice Gregory Admonishes Visitor Whom He Detects Chewing Gum

The fall show of the Shawinigan Farmer's Institute and Cobble Hill Agricultural Society, which is in progress, brought together exhibits of excellent standard. The number of entries however was not large, people being very busy, the scarcity of farm labor making it difficult to get the exhibits together.

This caused some diminution in interest, but it is hoped to have a much larger and better show next year. The display was much handicapped by wet weather on Tuesday morning, keeping many would-be exhibitors away, according to G. E. Bonner, the secretary.

There was no livestock exhibited. Messrs. Middleton and White, judges from the Department of Agriculture, and Mrs. Schreiber adjudicated the home products, flowers, fancy work, and home manufactures. The prize list follows:

One Sheaf of Wheat (Spring)—Mrs. Cheek, 1; W. H. Bartlett, 2.

One Sheaf of Oats—W. H. Nott, 1; W. H. Bartlett, 2.

Six Swede Turnips—W. Robson, 1.

Six Yellow Mangolds—W. Robson, 1.

Six Field Carrots (Red)—W. Robson, 1; A. Allan, 2.

Garden Carrots—Mrs. J. S. Freeman, 1.

Six Field Carrots (White)—Mrs. M. Hogg, 1.

Six Parsnips—Mrs. J. Freeman, 1.

Six Garden Beets (Red)—W. H. Nott, 1.

One Bushel Late Potatoes—W. H. Nott, 1.

Six Early Potatoes—W. Robson, 1; W. H. Nott, 2.

Six Late Potatoes—W. Robson, 1; W. H. Nott, 2.

One Quart Scarlet Runners—G. A. Cheek, 1; Mrs. G. E. Bonner, 2.

One Quart Bush Beans—W. H. Bartlett, 1.

One Quart Green Peas in Pod—W. H. Bartlett, 1.

One Vegetable Marrow—Mrs. G. Bonner, 1; Mrs. G. Bonner, 2.

Squash (Any Variety)—W. H. Nott, 1; W. H. Bartlett, 2.

One Pumpkin (Any Variety)—Mrs. S. Chapman, 1; H. R. Cavin, 2.

Three Onions (Red)—A. A. Allan, 1.

Three Heads 1,600 Headed Kale—S. Dougan, 1; W. H. Nott, 2.

Six Ears of Corn—W. H. Bartlett, 1; C. A. Cheek, 2.

Muskmelon—W. H. Nott, 1.

Winter Apples (Five Kind) Five of Each—W. Jeffery, 1; E. Shearing, 2.

Autumn Apples (Five Kind) Five of Each—E. Shearing, 1.

Five Apples (Any Kind)—W. Jeffery, 1; W. Jeffery, 2.

Five Wealthy Apples—S. Dougan, 1; T. P. Barry, 2.

Five Late Bartlett Pears—G. A. Cheek, 1; W. H. Bartlett, 2.

Five Pears (Any Kind)—G. A. Cheek, 1; G. A. Cheek, 2.

Twelve Plums (Any Kind)—Mrs. M. Wilmett, 1; Mrs. J. Freeman, 2.

Twelve Italian Prunes—E. Shearing, 1.

HOME PRODUCTION.

Three Single Loaves White Bread—Mary Sam, 1; W. H. Nott, 2.

Three Single Loaves Brown Bread—Mrs. G. Weeks, 1.

Bottled Fruits (Three Kind) in Quarts—Mrs. Wilmett, 1; W. H. Nott, 2; Mrs. M. Hogg, highly commended.

Jam (Three Kind in Pints)—Mrs. M. H. Wilkinson, 1.

Jelly (Three Kind in Glasses)—W. H. Nott, 1; Mrs. S. E. Chapman, 2.

One Pound Butter—Mrs. G. Weeks, 1; W. H. Nott, 2; Miss G. M. Bartlett, highly commended.

FLOWERS.

Six Roses (Different Varieties Named)—Mrs. Nott, 1.

Decorative Arrangement of Flowers—Miss P. Keene, 1; W. H. Nott, 2.

Any Other Variety—Mrs. Nott, 1; R. Cayin, 2.

HOME MANUFACTURES.

Any Garment Made of Flower Sacks—Mrs. J. Freeman, 1; Mrs. R. J. Manley, 2; Mrs. M. Hogg, highly commended.

Crochet Yoke—Miss E. M. McFarlane, 1; Miss P. Keene, 2.

Piece of Embroidery—Miss P. Keene, 1.

FOR CHILDREN UNDER 15 YEARS.

Crochet Yoke—Miss Nott, 1.

Six Button Holes—Miss Nott, 1.

One Yard of Hemming—Olivia Wilkinson, 1.

WHAT IS IN A NAME?

The Bard of Avon among thousands of notable expressions, said: "A rose by any other name would smell as sweet."

Even so, but if you want to buy a rose it is best not to ask for a cauliflower.

There is very much in a name to manufacturers and the public in the former place quality in the production it represents and the latter learn the value of the article so named.

All this apropos of Bapla, which attracted so much attention in a demonstration at the Home Products Fair. Bapla in the twelve years it has been manufactured has won a name in Western Canada, that increases the output each year. Don't forget Bapla—call it by that name.

How came the name? Bapla is formed of the initial letters of British America Paint Co. Latest Art Colors.

What is Bapla? It is specially prepared varnish combined with a stain so that the finished job has the lustre of varnish and the desired color at one application. It is perfectly clear, thus bringing out the full beauty of the Association would do no harm. One of the officials there, he said, was not particularly kindly disposed to the employment of returned soldiers.

What is Bapla used for? Primarily for woodwork floors and furniture. In

addition it meets scores of needs in houses, stores, offices etc.

In what colors is Bapla made? Mahogany, Oak, Walnut, Cherry, Flat Black, Aluminum, Gloss White, Natural, Rosewood, Dark Oak, Moss Green, Ground Color, Gold, Flat White. Where can Bapla be bought? See list of dealers in display ad. in this paper, or telephone or write to British America Paint Co., Limited, Victoria.

STANDARD LIQUORS MAY BE PURCHASED BY THE GOVERNMENT

Refers to Rum, Gin, Whiskey and Brandy of Right Grade and Price

Judging from the replies now being received by Prohibition Commissioner Findlay, in response to his telegraphic inquiry as to many sections of the province, there is no likelihood of the Government Dispensaries going short of stock through inability to purchase within the borders of British Columbia. He has wired to many of the more populous centres asking what stocks are on hand of standard gin, rum, whiskey and brandy in such particular locality and available for the two Government dispensaries.

Despite the recent rush, particularly during the waning days of last week, there appears to be plenty of "spirit" in the province yet. It is altogether possible that stocks of the requisite standard grade and at prices in accordance with Government range may be purchased for the disposal of the Commissioner at the Victoria and Vancouver stores.

No Business.

One of the most remarkable situations in regard to the effect of the British Columbia Prohibition Act as far as Victoria is concerned is the lack of business at the dispensary on Yates Street. Up to noon to-day there had not been a single deal over the counter, while the Vancouver store is still in the hands of the carpenter and lack of business there is also noteworthy. If there are any prescriptions requiring an alcoholic pick-me-up they are apparently being filled up from the private stock in the domestic cellar meantime.

Commissioner Findlay left the city on this afternoon's boat for Vancouver and this evening will attend the great Prohibition banquet to be held in the Dominion Hall. On this occasion the Prohibition forces will gather together for mutual congratulations and the official last rites of John Barleycorn, Esquire, will be fittingly performed. Speeches will be delivered by Rev. G. J. Inkster, of this city; Jonathan Rogers and Father O'Boyle, of Vancouver, and the general subject will doubtless be the future of the Prohibition Movement.

To Visit Druggists.

While on the mainland the Commissioner will pay a round of visits to the various druggists of Vancouver and New Westminster, to give them an opportunity of settling any knotty points which may have arisen in connection with the Act. It will be this principle that Mr. Findlay will carry out when he leaves on the 14th for a two weeks' tour of the Interior.

Will See Government.

The question of advertising the movement, which it is intended to make Province-wide, a committee composed of James Forman, president of the Victoria Board of Trade; B. W. Greer, president of the Vancouver Board of Trade, and Miss Crease, of Victoria, was appointed to interview the provincial government with a view to having it contribute to the cost of the work. The food controller's office had offered to contribute one-half of the money required for an advertising campaign up to \$7,776, and it is hoped that the province will give the other half.

Early in the spring a party of some eighteen reached Victoria from China and the local golf club, in accordance with its usual hospitality, extended to these visitors the use of the Oak Bay links. The new comers were admitted to all the facilities for the consideration of the regular course fees which the members paid, and being enthusiastic followers of the game the golfers availed themselves of the opportunities thus offered.

Recently Harvey Combe, secretary of the Victoria Golf Club, through its courtesy to number of visitors from Hongkong and Shanghai during the past summer months, is to-day the recipient of four handsome solid silver cups presented by these guests from the Orient who have recently returned from their far eastern homes.

This applies in the case of whether the employee is engaged in manual or any other labor and refers to wages and salary earned by the employee to a day not more than eight days prior to the date of payment.

Provision is also made for the absence of any employee on the regular semi-monthly payment day. On his return he is entitled to such payment any time thereafter on demand.

No person or corporation is exempt from the provisions of the Act. From the first day of October, 1917, was the day provided for its enforcement.

The death occurred on September 7 of Louisa A. Foster, of Truro, Cornwall, Eng., and formerly of Victoria, where she resided for about fifteen years.

The whole country now seems to look at excess as the young wife did.

"Jim, dear," said a young wife, "I do wish you'd stop drinking. Every time you go to one of those banquets of yours you get up the next morning pale and silent, you eat nothing and just gulp down ten or fifteen glasses of water. Do stop drinking, won't you?"

"I know it can't be good for you, dear." "All great men have been drinking men," said Jim. "Look at Edgar Allan Poe, look at Charles Lamb, look at Burns, look at—

"Well, Jim," said the young wife, "you just swear off till you become a great man, too, and I'll be satisfied."

—Tid-Bits

COMMITTEE MEETS IN VANCOUVER TO-MORROW

Production and Conservation
Live Subject; New Body
Has Influence

The Provincial Committee on Food Production and Conservation continued its session in the Convention Hall of the Department of Agriculture yesterday afternoon when the following members were present:

Dr. F. F. Westbrook, President of the University of B. C., in the chair; W. E. Scott, Deputy Minister of Agriculture; W. T. McDonald, Provincial Livestock Commissioner; J. W. Gibson, Director of Agricultural Elementary Education, Department of Education; James Forman, president of the Victoria Board of Trade; B. W. Greer, president of the Vancouver Board of Trade; Alexander Patterson, President of the Stock Breeders' Association, Ladner; Mrs. Davies, secretary of Women's Institutes, Chilliwack; Miss S. R. Crease, President of the Local Council of Women, Victoria; Mrs. W. H. Giffen, president of the Local Council of Women, Vancouver; Mr. Clarke, president of the New Era Club, Vancouver; Mrs. Scholfield, president of the Daughters of the Empire, Victoria; Mr. Fletcher, Reeve of Point Grey, Vancouver; Dean L. S. Klinck, College of Agriculture, University of B. C.; Professor F. M. Clement, Professor of Horticulture, University of B.

PEACHES

LATE CRAWFORDS, The Best Yet, PER CRATE . . . \$1.20

OGLIVIE'S "CANADA'S BEST" FLOUR Sold only by Ross', 49-lb. sack.....	\$3.10
LOGGIE'S CLAMS Eastern pack. Per large can.....	10c
SKINNER'S MACARONI or SPAGHETTI Cooked in 10 minutes. 2 pkgs. for.....	35c
ITALIAN PRUNES 20-lb. crate for.....	90c
COOKING APPLES 12 lbs. for.....	25c
KEILER'S MARMALADE Real Scotch; 4-lb. tins 90c, 7-lb. tins.....	\$1.50
SWIFT'S PURE LARD In bulk. Per lb. 30c, 3 lbs. for.....	85c
B. & K. WHEATFLAKES Large cartons.....	40c

DIXI ROSS'

"Quality Grocers"
1317 GOVERNMENT STREET

Phones
50
51
52



Registered in the Dept. of Agriculture.

\$1 a Week

Will put a Victrola in your home right away. Good music and hearty fun. Why not surprise your family with a Victrola?

WHY WAIT?

Heintzman & Co., Ltd.
Successors to Gideon Hicks
Piano Co., Opp. Post Office

MAYNARD & SONS

AUCTIONEERS.

Instructed, we will sell at our Sales Room, 725 View Street, on

FRIDAY, 2 P. M.

High-Class Furniture
and Effects

Or several hours. Particulars later.
Also in our Stock Yards, 11 o'clock

About 20 pens of Hens from "The International Egg-Laying Contest," among which will be one pen of "Buttercups" and "Anconas," also other Pulletts, Rabbits, Ducks, etc.

MAYNARD & SONS,
Auctioneers. Phone 837

ADVERTISE IN THE TIMES

SAVE THAT BOTTLE

We Are Still
Buying
BOTTLES

THE
Returned Soldiers'
Bottle Agency

Phone 144. 1813 Blanshard St.

Moulded
Hot Water
Bottles

of the best manufacture, cast in one piece without a seam. Some of our new Fall stock has arrived. These Bottles are guaranteed against defects for two years. Let us show them to you.

JOHN COCHRANE
DRUGGIST
N.W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.
at the B.C. Electric Clock.

Beauty Culture

Electricity is the ONLY SAFE and PERMANENT method of removing superfluous hair. Chemicals only stimulate the growth. ABSOLUTE CURE GUARANTEED. Unanimously recommended by the medical profession.

MISS HANMAN
Qualified London Specialist,
Phone 3840X. 208 Campbell Bldg.

The best manufacturer, cast in one piece without a seam. Some of our new Fall stock has arrived. These Bottles are guaranteed against defects for two years. Let us show them to you.

COUNCILLOR CAREY thought the supervisor was under the impression that the children of Saanich lived in flats. As a matter of fact the children attending Tolmie school came from homes having the finest cottage gardens round Victoria.

COUNCILLOR TANNER—"The more you help the preliminary efforts, the less will be done in practical work."

The clerk said the School Board had asked for the money because they recognized that the scheme outlined by the instructor could not be carried out without an appropriation. This year the school gardens had admittedly been a failure, owing to lack of organization.

The motion to decline the appropriation was then carried.

For the Soldiers—Piercy's Toffee securely packed, on sale at 639 Fort and all good stores.

SCHOOL GARDEN WORK IN SAANICH DISTRICT

Neglect During Summer Holidays Makes Council Unwilling to Aid School Board

If the children of Saanich are to be taught modern agricultural methods, the present funds are inadequate. At least that was the interpretation put on a request for \$500 towards putting the grounds in condition, which was received yesterday from the Saanich School Board at the Council meeting. The Council members were surprised at the request coming so late in the year, and after some discussion refused the grant.

Councillor Somers, in moving that the grant should not be entertained, pointed out that the people in the Gordon Head district had themselves prepared the land for the school garden in the district school and he thought other residents might do likewise.

Councillor Diggon stated that the children in Ward VII were more concerned with improved access to the new school than in the grading of the grounds.

Preliminary Cultivation.

The clerk, who is also secretary of the School Board, remarked that the Board had never heard Mr. Hallwright, the new instructor, at the last meeting and wanted the money to put the school grounds in condition during this fall in order that more effective instruction might be given. It was proposed that all the preliminary work should be done this fall.

Reeve Borden said the farmers of the past would have been very glad to have their preliminary cultivation done, sub-soiling, and other preparatory features and he thought if the children of Saanich were to be made farmers, it would be of little value to have all that preliminary work done for them instead of teaching them how to do it. Like many other farmers, he would like to sit back and see other people do the work. That seemed to be the aim of the instructor.

Councillor Pim asked whether they would like an amateur to come and tell them how to plow.

Councillor Somers said the fault with the Saanich school gardens was not that the soil was unsuitable, or the conditions unsatisfactory, but that immediately the summer vacation came round the gardens were neglected and the whole became a waste. Nobody seemed responsible, and if the entire revenue of Saanich was spent upon them for part of the year, they could not be expected to look well when neglected for the remainder of the season.

Councillor Jones pointed out that it was not right that these applications should be made to the public. The responsibility lay with the Government, which ought to provide for indigent cases.

Councillor Somers observed that bare necessities were provided for, and no more.

Reeve Borden—"She will get her experience. That is worth something."

Failure This Season.

Councillor Carey thought the supervisor was under the impression that the children of Saanich lived in flats. As a matter of fact the children attending Tolmie school came from homes having the finest cottage gardens round Victoria.

Councillor Tanner—"The more you help the preliminary efforts, the less will be done in practical work."

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A long time was occupied with an application for a sub-division plan for a road at Prospect Lake, which cannot be made the regular width on account of the character of the land. A. O. Nokes explained that the plan was preliminary in order to secure the opinion of the Council. Members stated their idea of what should be done, and the whole matter was laid on the table for the submission of amended plans.

A letter was received from Prohibition Commissioner W. C. Findlay, asking the Council through its police officers to enforce the Prohibition Act, such duty being laid by statute on municipal officers.

The Council agreed to leave with the local branches of the Canadian Red Cross the organization of the British Red Cross Day on October 18.

An invitation to the Good Roads League Convention at Duncan next Tuesday was received, and the Saanich delegates will be the same as those appointed at the previous meeting of the convention of the Union of B.C. Municipalities.

PAINS SHARP AND STABBING

Woman Thought She Would Die. Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Ogdensburg, Wis.—"I suffered from female trouble which caused piercing pains like a knife through my back and side. I finally lost all my strength so I had to go to bed. The doctor advised an operation but I would not listen to it. I thought of what I heard about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and tried it. The first bottle brought great relief and six bottles have entirely cured me. All women who have female trouble of any kind should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

Mrs. ERITA DORION, Ogdensburg, Wis.

Physicians undoubtedly did their best, battled with this case steadily and could do no more, but often the most scientific treatment is surpassed by the medicinal properties of the good old fashioned roots and herbs contained in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If any complication exists it pays to take the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special free advice.

DEFERS ACTION ON GRANT FOR SAILORS

Saanich Council Has Trouble With Frequent Collections; to Enforce Prohibition

Action was deferred by the Saanich Council last evening with regard to the application of the Navy League of Canada for a tag day for the British Sailors' Fund. This is the organization whose application to the City Council was referred to the local branch of the Navy League. The letter came from M. P. Fennell, Jr., of Montreal.

Councillor Jones pointed out that it was not right that these applications should be made to the public. The responsibility lay with the Government, which ought to provide for indigent cases.

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NO FROST RECORDED

Only in Few Low Spots Have Delicate Plants Been Affected; Month-By-Report.

The Observatory has so far recorded no frost this autumn, but in a few low spots there has been sufficient to touch a few of the more delicate vegetables and flowers. In the low, damp areas it is much colder at night than on the high ground. The following is the official weather report for the month of September:

Victoria—Total amount of bright sunshines, 154 hours; rain, 3.30 inches; mean temperature, 58; highest temperature, 72; lowest, 44.

Vancouver—Total amount of bright sunshines, 154 hours; rain, 3.30 inches; mean temperature, 58; highest temperature, 72; lowest, 44.

Kamloops—Total amount of bright sunshines, 193 hours and 42 minutes; rain, 2.30 inches; mean temperature, 58; highest temperature, 68; lowest, 44.

New Westminster—Rain, 2.90 inches; highest temperature, 60; lowest, 44.

Prince George—Rain, 2.92 inches; highest temperature, 63; lowest, 44.

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